

DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

1061 / 2061 DEPARTMENT OF TEXTILE PROCESSING – FULL TIME DEPARTMENT OF TEXTILE PROCESSING – SANDWICH SEMESTER PATTERN

N - SCHEME

IMPLEMENTED FROM 2020 - 2021

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION CHENNAI-600 025, TAMIL NADU



STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS (II / III YEAR) N SCHEME

(Implemented from Academic Year 2020-21 onwards)

<u>Chairperson</u> TMT.G.LAXMI PRIYA I.A.S.

Director
Directorate of Technical Education
Chennai – 600 025.

Coordinator

Dr.V.Srinivasan,

Principal In-charge & HOD / Textile Technology, PAC Ramasamy Raja Polytechnic College,

Rajapalayam - 626108

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING - FULL TIME - 1061 DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (SANDWICH) - 2061

Convener

Dr.G.K.Balamurugan,

Principal In-charge & HOD / Textile Marketing Management, SSM Polytechnic College, Komarapalayam— 638183.

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	Members				
1. Dr.V.llango, Head of the Department / Te Technology (Man Made Fibi SSM Polytechnic College Komarapalayam - 638183					
2. Dr.D.Nithyakalyani, Head of the Department / Te Processing, GRG Polytechnic College Coimbatore - 641107	6. Mr.M.Raghunathan, Chief Executive Officer, Color Solutions, Tiruppur				
3. Mr.R.Manoharan, Lecturer (Selection Grade) / Processing, SSM Polytechnic College Komarapalayam - 638183	7. Mr.R.Jayakumar, Chief Operational Officer, Colorsburg (Div.of Shakthi Knitting Ltd.) Perundurai, Erode District - 638052				
4. Mr.K.Ramamurthi, Lecturer / Selection Grade – Textile Processing EIT Polytechnic College, Kavindapadi, Erode - 638458	Head of Textile Technology Bannari Amman Institute of				

DIPLOMA COURSES IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

(Implemented from 2020 - 2021)

N - SCHEME

REGULATIONS*

*Applicable to the Diploma Courses other than Diploma in Hotel Management & Catering Technology.

1. Description of the Course:

a. Full Time (3 years)

The Course for the Full Time Diploma in Engineering shall extend over a period of three academic years, consisting of 6 semesters* and the First Year is common to all Engineering Branches.

b. Sandwich (3½ years)

The Course for the Sandwich Diploma in Engineering shall extend over a period of three and half academic years, consisting of 7 semesters* and the First Year is common to all Engineering Branches. The subjects of three years full time diploma course being regrouped for academic convenience.

During 4th and/or during 7th semester the students undergo industrial training for six months / one year. Industrial training examination will be conducted after completion of every 6 months of industrial training.

c. Part Time (4 years)

The course for the Part Time Diploma in Engineering shall extend over a period of 4 academic years containing of 8 semesters*, the subjects of 3 year full time diploma courses being regrouped for academic convenience.

* Each Semester will have 16 weeks duration of study with 35 hrs. / Week for Regular Diploma Courses and 18 hrs. / Week for Part-Time Diploma Courses.

The Curriculum for all the 6 Semesters of Diploma courses (Engineering & Special Diploma Courses viz. Textile Technology, Leather Technology, Printing Technology,

Chemical Technology etc.) have been revised and revised curriculum is applicable for the candidates admitted from 2020 – 2021 academic year onwards.

2. Condition for Admission:

Condition for admission to the Diploma courses shall be required to have passed in The S.S.L.C Examination of the Board of Secondary Education, Tamil Nadu.

(Or)

The Anglo Indian High School Examination with eligibility for Higher Secondary Course in Tamil Nadu.

(Or)

The Matriculation Examination of Tamil Nadu.

(Or)

Any other Examinations recognized as equivalent to the above by the Board of Secondary Education, Tamil Nadu.

Note: In addition, at the time of admission the candidate will have to satisfy certain minimum requirements, which may be prescribed from time to time.

3. Admission to Second year (Lateral Entry):

A pass in HSC (academic) or (vocational) courses mentioned in the Higher Secondary Schools in Tamil Nadu affiliated to the Tamil Nadu Higher Secondary Board with eligibility for University Courses of study or equivalent examination & Should have studied the following subjects.

A pass in 2 Years ITI with appropriate Trade or Equivalent examination.

		H.Sc Academic	H.Sc Vo	Industrial	
SI.	Courses		Subjects	Studied	Training
No	Courses	Subjects Studied	Related	Vocational	Institutes
			subjects	subjects	Courses
1.	All the	Physics and	Maths / Physics	Related	2 years
		Chemistry as	/ Chemistry	Vocational	course to
	Regular and	compulsory along		Subjects	be passed
	Sandwich	with Mathematics /		Theory&	with
		Biology		Practical	appropriate
	Courses				Trade

2.	Diploma	English &	English &	Accountancy & -
	Course in	Accountancy	Accountancy,	Auditing,
	Commercial			
	Practice	English &	English &	Banking,
		Elements of	Elements of	
		Economics	Economics,	Business
				Management,
		English &	English &	
		Elements of	Management	Co-operative
		Commerce	Principles	Management,
			& Techniques,	
				International
			English &	Trade,
			Typewriting	
				Marketing &
				Salesmanship,
				Insurance &
				Material
				Management,
				Office
				Secretaryship.

- For the Diploma Courses related with Engineering/Technology, the related / equivalent subjects prescribed along with Practicals may also be taken for arriving the eligibility.
- Branch will be allotted according to merit through counseling by the respective Principal as per communal reservation.
- For admission to the Textile Technology, Leather Technology, Printing Technology, Chemical Technology and Commercial Practice Diploma courses the candidates studied the related subjects will be given first preference.

- Candidates who have studied Commerce Subjects are not eligible for Engineering Diploma Courses.
- 4. Age Limit: No Age limit.

5. Medium of Instruction: English

6. Eligibility for the Award of Diploma:

No candidate shall be eligible for the Diploma unless he/she has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than 3 academic years in any institution affiliated to the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Tamil Nadu, when joined in First Year and two years if joined under Lateral Entry scheme in the second year and passed the prescribed examination.

The minimum and maximum period for completion of Diploma Courses are as given below:

Diploma Course	Minimum	Maximum
•	Period	Period
Full Time	3 Years	6 Years
Full Time	2 Years	5 Years
(Lateral Entry)		
Sandwich	3½ Years	6½ Years
Part Time	4 Years	7 Years

This will come into effect from N Scheme onwards i.e. from the academic year 2020-2021.

7. Subjects of Study and Curriculum outline:

The subjects of study shall be in accordance with the syllabus prescribed from time to time, both in theory and practical subjects.

The curriculum outline is given in Annexure – I.

8. Examinations:

Board Examinations in all subjects of all the semesters under the scheme of examinations will be conducted at the end of each semester.

The internal assessment marks for all the subjects will be awarded on the basis of continuous internal assessment earned during the semester concerned. For each subject 25 marks are allotted for internal assessment. Board Examinations are conducted for 100 marks and reduced to 75.

The total marks for result are 75 + 25 = 100 Marks.

9. Continuous Internal Assessment:

A. For Theory Subjects:

The Internal Assessment marks for a total of 25 marks, which are to be distributed as follows:

i) Subject Attendance

5 Marks

(Award of marks for subject attendance to each subject Theory/Practical will be as per the range given below)

80%	-	83%	1 Mark
84%	-	87%	2 Marks
88%	-	91%	3 Marks
92%	-	95%	4 Marks
96%	-	100%	5 Marks

ii) Test # 10 Marks

> 2 Tests each of 2 hours duration for a total of 50 marks are to be conducted. Average of the these two test marks will be taken and the marks to be 05 Marks reduced to:

The Test – III is to be the Model Examination covering all the five units and the marks obtained will be reduced to:

05 Marks

		WHEN TO		
TEST	UNITS	CONDUCT	MARKS	DURATION
Test I	Unit – I & II	End of 6 th week	50	2 Hrs
Test II	Unit – III & IV	End of 12 th week	50	2 Hrs
Test III	Model Examination: Covering all the 5 Units. (Board Examinations- question paper- pattern).	End of 16 th week	100	3 Hrs

[#] From the Academic Year 2020 – 2021 onwards.

Question Paper Pattern for the Test - I and Test - II is as follows. The tests should be conducted by proper schedule. Retest marks should not be considered for internal assessment.

Without Choice:

	Total	50 marks
Part C Type questions:	2 Questions x 15 marks	30 marks
Part B Type questions:	7 Questions x 2 marks	14 marks
Part A Type questions:	6 Questions x 1 mark	06 marks

iii) Assignment 5 Marks

For each subject Three Assignments are to be given each for 20 marks and the average marks scored should be reduced for 5 marks.

iv) Seminar Presentation

5 Marks

The students have to select the topics either from their subjects or general subjects which will help to improve their grasping capacity as well as their capacity to express the subject in hand. The students will be allowed to prepare the

material for the given topic using the library hour and they will be permitted to present seminar (For First and Second Year, the students will be permitted to present the seminar as a group not exceeding six members and each member of the group should participate in the presentation. For the Third Year, the students should present the seminar individually.) The seminar presentation is mandatory for all theory subjects and carries 5 marks for each theory subject. The respective subject faculty may suggest topics to the students and will evaluate the submitted materials and seminar presentation. (2 ½ marks for the material submitted in writing and 2 ½ marks for the seminar presentation). For each subject minimum of two seminars are to be given and the average marks scored should be reduced to 5 marks.

All Test Papers, Assignment Papers / Notebooks and the seminar presentation written material after getting the signature with date from the students must be kept in safe custody in the department for verification and audit. It should be preserved for one semester after publication of Board Exam results and produced to the flying squad and the inspection team at the time of inspection/verification.

B. For Practical Subjects:

The Internal Assessment mark for a total of 25 marks which are to be distributed as follows:-

a) Attendance : 5 Marks

(Award of marks same as theory subjects)

b) Procedure/ observation and tabulation/

Other Practical related Work : 10 Marks
c) Record writing : 10 Marks
TOTAL : 25 Marks

- All the Experiments/Exercises indicated in the syllabus should be completed and the same to be given for final Board examinations.
- The observation note book / manual should be maintained for 10 marks. The
 observation note book / manual with sketches, circuits, programme, reading and
 calculation written by the students manually depends upon the practical subject
 during practical classes should be evaluated properly during the practical class
 hours with date.

- The Record work for every completed exercise should be submitted in the subsequent practical classes and marks should be awarded for 10 marks for each exercise as per the above allocation.
- At the end of the Semester, the average marks of all the exercises should be calculated for 20 marks (including Observation and Record writing) and the marks awarded for attendance is to be added to arrive at the internal assessment mark for Practical. (20+5=25 marks)
- Only regular students, appearing first time have to submit the duly signed bonafide record note book/file during the Practical Board Examinations.

All the marks awarded for Assignments, Tests, Seminar presentation and Attendance should be entered periodically in the Personal Theory Log Book of the staff, who is handling the theory subject.

The marks awarded for Observation, Record work and Attendance should be entered periodically in the Personal Practical Log Book of the staff, who is handling the practical subject.

10. Communication Skill Practical, Computer Application Practical and Physical Education:

The Communication Skill Practical and Computer Application Practical with more emphasis are being introduced in First Year. Much Stress is given to increase the Communication skill and ICT skill of students.

As per the recommendation of MHRD and under Fit India scheme, the Physical education is introduced to encourage students to remain healthy and fit by including physical activities and sports.

11. Project Work and Internship:

The students of all the Diploma Courses have to do a Project Work as part of the Curriculum and in partial fulfillment for the award of Diploma by the State Board of Technical Education and Training, Tamil Nadu. In order to encourage students to do worthwhile and innovative projects, every year prizes are awarded for the best three projects i.e. institution wise, region wise and state wise. **The Project work must be reviewed twice in the same semester. The project work is approved**

during the V semester by the properly constituted committee with guidelines.

a) Internal assessment mark for Project Work & Internship:

Project Review I ... 10 marks
Project Review II ... 10 marks

Attendance ... **05 marks** (Award of marks same as

theory subject

pattern)

Total ... **25 marks**

Proper record should be maintained for the two Project Reviews and preserved for one semester after the publication of Board Exams results. It should be produced to the flying squad and the inspection team at the time of inspection/verification.

b) Allocation of Marks for Project Work & Internship in Board Examinations:

Demonstration/Presentation 25 marks
Report 25 marks
Viva Voce 30 marks
Internship Report 20 marks

Total 100* marks

c) Internship Report:

The internship training for a period of two weeks shall be undergone by every candidate at the end of IV / V semester during vacation. The certificate shall be produced along with the internship report for evaluation. The evaluation of internship training shall be done along with final year "Project Work & Internship" for 20 marks. The internship shall be undertaken in any industry / Government or Private certified agencies which are in social sector / Govt. Skill Centres / Institutions / Schemes.

^{*}Examination will be conducted for 100 marks and will be converted to 75 marks.

A neatly prepared PROJECT REPORT as per the format has to be submitted by individual student during the Project Work & Internship Board examination.

12. Scheme of Examinations:

The Scheme of examinations for subjects is given in Annexure - II.

13. Criteria for Pass:

- 1. No candidate shall be eligible for the award of Diploma unless he/she has undergone the prescribed course of study successfully in an institution approved by AICTE and affiliated to the State Board of Technical Education & Training, Tamil Nadu and pass all the subjects prescribed in the curriculum.
- 2. A candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination in a subject if he/she secures not less than 40% in theory subjects and 50% in practical subjects out of the total prescribed maximum marks including both the Internal Assessment and the Board Examinations marks put together, subject to the condition that he/she secures at least a minimum of 40 marks out of 100 marks in the Board Theory Examinations and a minimum of 50 marks out of 100 marks in the Board Practical Examinations.

14. Classification of successful candidates:

Classification of candidates who will pass out the final examinations from April 2023 onwards (Joined first year in 2020 -2021) will be done as specified below.

First Class with Superlative Distinction:

A candidate will be declared to have passed in **First Class with Superlative Distinction** if he/she secures not less than 75% of the marks in all the subjects and passes all the semesters in the first appearance itself and passes all subjects within the stipulated period of study 2 / 3 / 3½ / 4 years [Full time(lateral entry)/Full Time/Sandwich/Part Time] without any break in study.

First Class with Distinction:

A candidate will be declared to have passed in **First Class with Distinction** if he/she secures not less than 75% of the aggregate marks in all the semesters put together and passes all the semesters except the I and II semester in the first appearance itself and passes all subjects within the stipulated period of study 2 / 3 / 3½ / 4 years [Full time(lateral entry)/Full Time/Sandwich/Part Time] without any break in study.

First Class:

A candidate will be declared to have passed in **First Class** if he/she secures not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in all the semesters put together and passes all the subjects within the stipulated period of study 2 / 3 / 3½ / 4 years [Full time(lateral entry)/Full Time/Sandwich/Part Time] without any break in study.

Second Class:

All other successful candidates will be declared to have passed in **Second Class**.

The above classifications are also applicable for the Sandwich / Part-Time students who pass out Final Examination from October 2023 /April 2024 onwards (both joined First Year in 2020 -2021)

15. Duration of a period in the Class Time Table:

The duration of each period of instruction is 1 hour and the total period of instruction hours excluding interval and lunch break in a day should be uniformly maintained as 7 hours corresponding to 7 periods of instruction (Theory & Practical).

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING/ DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (SANDWICH)

COURSE CODE: 1061/2061

Description of the Courses:

Diploma in Textile Processing deals with Desizing, Scouring, Bleaching,

Mercerizing, and Dyeing, Printing and Finishing of Natural and Manmade Textile

materials. These above processes applied on fibres, yarn, fabric and Garments. After

spinning, weaving and knitting, it is one of the lengthiest processes. The curriculum

outline is framed by including all the necessary subjects based on the above listed

processing technology.

Course objectives:

Now a days the number of processing industries are tremendously increasing to

fulfill the need of population growth and export order, so the job opportunities for the

Diploma in textile processing students in the processing industries are increasing day

by day. After gaining experience of 3 to 5 years in processing industries, they will

become a master level or up to the key post of the industry.

Salient Features of N Scheme Syllabus Compared with M Scheme Syllabus

The N-Scheme syllabus is drafted to meet the need of the modern industries.

This syllabus covers Fibre Science, Yarn and Fabric Manufacture, Textile Testing,

Dyeing, Printing and Finishing, Eco Friendly Processing Techniques, Computer Colour

Matching for Dyeing and Printing Shades, Garment Manufacturing Textile Management,

Entrepreneurship & Start-ups and Textile Effluent Treatment and Pollution Control.

The latest emerging technologies viz. Linen Processing, Low Salt Dyeing,

Moisture Mangement, LOI (Limiting Oxygen Index), Fragrance Finishing, Advanced

Dryer Machines, Tencel Dyeing, Thermochromic Printing, Digital Printing, Jute Printing

and Natural Dyeing are incorporated in the core subjects of this N-Scehme Syllabus.

Curriculum Development Centre, DOTE

Airvortex, Friction Spinning, Injected Yarn Manufacturing, Blendomat, Bale Pluker are the topics included in the ancilliry subjects. A new parctical named Textile Manufacturing Technology is included in the new curriculum to improve the understanding of the students.

The most advanced technologies like Single stage preparatory process, Ultrasonic Waves assisted textile processing, Peracetic acid (PAA) bleaching, Biotechnological catalytic bleaching, Microwave dyeing, Electrochemical dyeing, Direct and Indirect Electrochemical dyeing, Supercritical dyeing using Carbon dioxide, Ultrasonic wave dyeing and Salt Free Dyeing of Cotton Fabric Using Reactive Dye are also incorporated. Pollution Control is a major requirement for textile processing insustries. Common Effluent Treatment Plant and Higg Index are included in to impart the knowlege on the necessity of keeping the safe enviorment.

Entrepreneurship & Start-ups subject is a common subject for all the branches and that will pave the way for the students to become a good businessman instead of employment seeker.

ANNEXURE - I

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING / TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

COURSE CODE: 1061/2061 DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (FULL TIME) / DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (SANDWICH)

N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic year 2020-2021 onwards)

CURRICULUM OUTLINE

FIRST SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Col.	Subject	ject Subject		Но	urs Per V	Veek	
No.	Code	Subject	Theory	Drawing	Tutorial	Practical	Total
1	40011	Communicative English I	5				5
2	40012	Engineering Mathematics I	5				5
3	40013	Engineering Physics I	5				5
4	40014	Engineering Chemistry I	5				5
5	40015	Engineering Graphics I		6			6
6	40006	Engineering Physics Practical (semester examination in the second semester)				2	2
7	40007	Engineering Chemistry Practical (semester examination in the second semester)				2	2
8	40001* 40002^	Communication Skill Practical * Computer Application Practical ^				2	2
			20	6		6	32
	tra / Co- urricular	Physical Education					2
	ctivities	Library					1
		Total					35

^{*} For Circuit Branches only

[^] For Non-Circuit Branches only

SECOND SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Col.	Subject			Hours Per Week					
No.		Subject	Theory	Drawing	Tutorial	Practical	Total		
1	40021	Communicative English II	4				4		
2	40022	Engineering Mathematics II	4				4		
3	40023	Engineering Physics II	4				4		
4	40024	Engineering Chemistry II	4				4		
5	40025	Engineering Graphics II		5			5		
6	40006	Engineering Physics Practical				2	2		
7	40007	Engineering Chemistry Practical				2	2		
8	40028	Basics of Industries and Workshop Practical	2			3	5		
9	40001* 40002^	Communication Skill Practical * Computer Application Practical ^				2	2		
			18	5		9	32		
Ext	ra / Co-	Physical Education					2		
	rricular tivities	Library					1		
		Total					35		

^{*} For Non-Circuit Branches only

[^] For Circuit Branches only

THIRD SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Subject		HOURS PER WEEK			
Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Tutorial / Drawing	Practical hours	Total Hours
4060310	Fibre Science and Technology*	5	-	-	5
4061320	Pretreatment for Textile Colouration	5	-	-	5
4061330	Dyeing of Natural Fibres	5	-	-	5
4061340	Fibre and Chemical Analysis Practical	-	-	5	5
4061350	Pretreatment for Textile Colouration Practical	-	-	4	4
4061360	Dyeing of Natural Fibres Practical	-	-	4	4
4061370	Quality Assurance in Pretreatment and Dyeing Practical	-	-	4	4
	Sub Total	15	-	17	32
Extra/Co	Physical Education	-	-	-	2
curricular activities	Library / Seminar	-	-	-	1
	TOTAL	15	-	17	35

^{*}Common with Diploma in Textile Technology

FOURTH SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Subject			HOURS P	ER WEEK	
Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Tutorial / Drawing	Practical hours	Total Hours
4061410	Technology of Yarn Manufacture	5	-	-	5
4061420	Technology of Fabric Manufacture	5	-	-	5
4061430	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends	5	-	-	5
4061440	Technology of Textile Finishing	5	-	-	5
4061450	Textile Manufacturing Technology Practical	-	-	4	4
4061460	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends Practical	•	-	4	4
4061470	Technology of Textile Finishing Practical	•	-	4	4
	Sub Total	20		12	32
Extra/Co	Physical Education	•	-	-	2
curricular	Library / Seminar	-	-	-	1
activities	Internship – I (2 Weeks)		During Sumr	mer Vacation	
	TOTAL	20	-	12	35

FIFTH SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

Subject			HOURS P	ER WEEK	
Code	SUBJECT	Theory Hours	Tutorial / Drawing	Practical hours	Total Hours
4060510	Textile Testing*	5	-	1	5
4061520	Technology of Textile Printing	5	-	-	5
	Ele	ective I			
4066531	Apparel Merchandising #				
4061532	Eco Friendly Textile Processing	5	-	1	5
4061540	Textile Testing Practical	1	-	5	5
4061550	Technology of Textile Printing Practical	•	-	4	4
4061560	Quality Assurance in Printing and Finishing Practical	-	-	4	4
4061570	Entrepreneurship and Start ups Practical	-	-	4	4
	Sub Total	15	-	17	32
Extra/Co	Physical Education	-	-	-	2
curricular	Library / Seminar	-	-	-	1
activities	Internship – II (2 Weeks)		During Wint	er Vacation	
	TOTAL	15	-	17	35

^{*}Common with Diploma in Textile Technology

Subject			HOURS PE	R WEEK	
Code	SUBJECT	Theory	Tutorial /	Practical	Total
		Hours	Drawing	hours	Hours
4060610	Textile Management*	5	-	-	5
4060620	Garment Manufacture*	5	-	-	5
	Ele	ective II			
4061631	Textile Effluent Treatment				
4061632	Advances in Textile Processing	5	-	-	5
4061640	Garment Manufacture practical	-	-	5	5
4061650	Shade Matching in Dyeing and Printing Practical	-	-	6	6
4061660	Project Work and Internship	-	-	6	6
	Sub Total	15	-	17	32
Extra/Co	Physical Education	-	-	-	2
curricular activities	Library / Seminar	-	-	-	1
	TOTAL	15	-	17	35

^{*}Common with Diploma in Textile Technology

[#] Common with Diploma in Garment Technology SIXTH SEMESTER (FULL TIME)

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (SANDWICH) - 2061

SEVENTH SEMESTER

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING & VIVA VOCE

Subject	01101507	Industrial	Training
Code SUBJECT		Days / Week	Weeks / Semester
4061712	INDUSTRIAL TRAINING & VIVA VOCE	5	16

ANNEXURE - II STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING / TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

COURSE CODE: 1061/2061
DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (FULL TIME) /
DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (SANDWICH)

N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic year 2020-2021 onwards)

SCHEME OF THE EXAMINATION

I SEMESTER

		Exa	Examination Marks			
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess -ment marks	Board Exam for 100 Marks (Converted	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam in Hours
			to 75)			
40021	Communicative English II	25	100	100	40	3
40022	Engineering Mathematics II	25	100	100	40	3
40023	Engineering Physics II	25	100	100	40	3
40024	Engineering Chemistry II	25	100	100	40	3
40025	Engineering Graphics II	25	100	100	40	3
40006	Engineering Physics Practical	25	100	100	50	3
40007	Engineering Chemistry Practical	25	100	100	50	3
40028	Basics of Industries and Workshop Practical	25	100	100	50	3
40001* 40002^	Communication Skill Practical * Computer Application Practical ^	25	100	100	50	3

^{*} For Circuit Branches only

[^] For Non-Circuit Branches only

II SEMESTER

		Exa	mination Ma	rks		
		Internal	Board	Total		
Subject	SUBJECT	Assess-	Exam for	Marks	Minimum	Duration
Code		ment	100		for pass	of Exam
		marks	Marks			in Hours
			(Converted			
			to 75)			
40021	Communicative English II	25	100	100	40	3
40022	Engineering Mathematics II	25	100	100	40	3
40023	Engineering Physics II	25	100	100	40	3
40024	Engineering Chemistry II	25	100	100	40	3
40025	Engineering Graphics II	25	100	100	40	3
40006	Engineering Physics	25	100	100	50	3
40000	Practical	20	100	100	30	3
40007	Engineering Chemistry	25	100	100	50	3
10007	Practical		.00			· ·
40028	Basics of Industries and	25	100	100	50	3
10020	Workshop Practical		. • •			•
40001*	Communication Skill					
	Practical *	25	100	100	50	3
40002^	Computer Application	20	100	100		J
10002	Practical ^					

^{*} For Non-Circuit Branches only

[^] For Circuit Branches only

THIRD SEMESTER

		Exa	mination Ma			
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess -ment marks	Board Exam Marks for 100 (Converted to 75)	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam in Hours
4060310	Fibre Science and Technology*	25	100	100	40	3
4061320	Pretreatment for Textile Colouration	25	100	100	40	3
4061330	Dyeing of Natural Fibres	25	100	100	40	3
4061340	Fibre and Chemical Analysis Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061350	Pretreatment for Textile Colouration Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061360	Dyeing of Natural Fibres Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061370	Quality Assurance in Pretreatment and Dyeing Practical	25	100	100	50	3
	TOTAL	TOTAL				

^{*}Common with Diploma in Textile Technology
FOURTH SEMESTER

		Exa	mination Ma			
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess -ment marks	Board Exam Marks for 100 (Converted to 75)	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam in Hours
4061410	Technology of Yarn Manufacture	25	100	100	40	3
4061420	Technology of Fabric Manufacture	25	100	100	40	3
4061430	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends	25	100	100	40	3
4061440	Technology of Textile Finishing	25	100	100	40	3
4061450	Textile Manufacturing Technology Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061460	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061470	Technology of Textile Finishing Practical	25	100	100	50	3
	TOTAL	-		700		

FIFTH SEMESTER

		Examination Marks				
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess -ment marks	Board Exam Marks for 100 (Converted to 75)	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam in Hours
4060510	Textile Testing*	25	100	100	40	3
4061520	Technology of Textile Printing	25	100	100	40	3
		Elective	e I			
4066531	Apparel Merchandising # Eco Friendly Textile	25	100	100	40	3
4061532	Processing	23	100	100	40	3
4061540	Textile Testing Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061550	Technology of Textile Printing Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061560	Quality Assurance in Printing and Finishing Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061570	Entrepreneurship and Start ups Practical	25	100	100	50	3
	TOTAL	-		700		

		Exa	mination Ma			
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess -ment marks	Board Exam Marks for 100 (Converted to 75)	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam in Hours
4060610	Textile Management*	25	100	100	40	3
4060620	Garment Manufacture*	25	100	100	40	3
		Elective	e II			
4061631	Textile Effluent Treatment					
4061632	Advances in Textile Processing	25	100	100	40	3
4061640	Garment Manufacture practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061650	Shade Matching in Dyeing and Printing Practical	25	100	100	50	3
4061660	Project Work and Internship	25	100	100	50	3
	TOTAL	-		600		

^{*}Common with Diploma in Textile Technology

^{*}Common with Diploma in Textile Technology # Common with Diploma in Garment Technology SIXTH SEMESTER

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (SANDWICH)

SEVENTH SEMESTER

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING & VIVA VOCE

		Exa	mination Mar			
Subject Code	SUBJECT	Internal Assess- ment marks	Board Exam Marks (Converted to 75)	Total Marks	Minimum for pass	Duration of Exam Hours
4061712	INDUSTRIAL TRAINING & VIVA VOCE	25	100	100	50	3

LIST OF EQUIVALENT SUBJECTS FOR M - SCHEME TO N - SCHEME

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING (FULL TIME) / DIPLOMA IN TEXTLE PROCESSING (SANDWICH)

Course code: 1061/2061

	EQUIVALENT SUBJECTS FOR III AND IV SEMESTER SUBJECTS							
S	UBJECTS IN M - SCHEME	EQUI	/ALENT SUBJECTS IN THE N- SCHEME					
	III SEMESTER – WITH	EFFECT F	ROM OCTOBER 2021					
36031	Fibre Science and Technology*	4060310	Fibre Science and Technology*					
36132	Preparation for Textile Processing	4061320	Pretreatment for Textile Colouration					
36133	Dyeing of Natural Fibres	4061330	Dyeing of Natural Fibres					
36134	Fibre and chemical Analysis Practical	4061340	Fibre and Chemical Analysis Practical					
36135	Preparation for Textile Processing practical	4061350	Pretreatment for Textile Colouration Practical					
36136	Dyeing of Natural Fibres practical	4061360	Dyeing of Natural Fibres Practical					
30001	Computer Application Practical**	40002	Computer Application Practical**					
	IV SEMESTER – WITH E	FFECT FR	OM APRIL 2022					
36141	Technology of Yarn Manufacture	4061410	Technology of Yarn Manufacture					
36142	Technology of Fabric Manufacture	4061420	Technology of Fabric Manufacture					
36143	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends	4061430	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends					
36144	Technology of Textile Finishing	4061440	Technology of Textile Finishing					
36145	Dyeing of Man Made Fibres and Blends Practical	4061460	Dyeing of Manmade Fibres and Blends Practical					
36146	Technology of Textile Finishing - Practical	4061470	Technology of Textile Finishing Practical					
36147	Engineering Utilities - Practical	ering Utilities - Practical No Equivalent						

	EQUIVALENT SUBJECTS FOR V and VI SEMESTER SUBJECTS							
SI	UBJECTS IN M - SCHEME	EQUIV	/ALENT SUBJECTS IN THE N - SCHEME					
	V SEMESTER – WITH EFF	ECT FROM	M OCTOBER 2022					
36051	Textile Testing*	4060510	Textile Testing*					
36152	Technology of Textile Printing	4061520	Technology of Textile Printing					
36153	Quality assurance in Textile Processing		No Equivalent					
36671	Elective – I Apparel Merchandising #	4066531	Apparel Merchandising #					
36172	Eco Friendly in Textile Processing	4061532	Eco Friendly Textile Processing					
36155	Technology of Textile Printing Practical	4061550	Technology of Textile Printing Practical					
36156	Quality Assurance in Textile Processing Practical		No Equivalent					
30002	Life and Employability Skills Practical**	40001	Communication Skill Practical * *					
	VI SEMESTER – WITH E	FFECT FR	OM APRIL 2023					
36061	Textile Management*	4060610	Textile Management*					
36062	Garment Manufacture*	4060620	Garment Manufacture*					
36181	Elective – II Water, Effluent Treatment and Pollution Control	4061631	Textile Effluent Treatment					
36182	Advances in Textile Processing	4061632	Advances in Textile Processing					
36064	Garment Manufacture Practical*	4061640	Garment Manufacture practical					
36165	Shade Matching in Dyeing and Printing Practical	4061650	Shade Matching in Dyeing and Printing Practical					
36166	Textile Testing Practical	4061540	Textile Testing Practical					
36167	Project work		No Equivalent					

Important Note:

- * Common Subject with Diploma in Textile Technology
- # Common with Diploma in Garment Technology
- ** Common Subject with All Diploma Engineering Courses

III SEMESTER



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

FIBRE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061 : DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4060310

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : FIBRE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination				
Subject	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Duration	
FIBRE			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total		
SCIENCE AND TECNOLOGY	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs	

^{*}Examination will be conducted for 100 marks and it will be reduced to 75 marks.

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS

SI. No	Topic	Time (hrs.)
1	INTRODUCTION	15
2	VEGETABLE FIBRES	15
3	ANIMAL FIBRES	15
4	REGENERATED FIBRES	14
5	SYNTHETIC FIBRES	14
TEST & REVISION		07
Total		80

RATIONALE:

Fibres are the basic raw materials for the manufacture of yarns and fabrics. The ultimate property of a yarn or fabric depends on the property of the fibre in it. Therefore, it is important to study the fibre properties.

Different fibres exhibit different physical and chemical properties. This is due to a number of factors like the material of the fibre, its molecular structure, length and the amount of draft applied during spinning process. Fabrics are made from different types of fibres and their blends are put into specific uses such as summer wear, winter wear, industrial wear etc., depending on their particular properties.

Therefore it is very important for a Textile student to study the Science of Fibres and the manufacture of man madefibres.

OBJECTIVES

- To know about the various classifications of textile fibres, their origin, chemical nature, and propertiesetc.
- To know about the fibre chemical composition, reaction, methods anduses.
- To know about the Indian & hybrid cotton varieties and theiruses.
- To know about the Flax fibre, Linen fibre, Pineapple fibre, Banana Fibre, Jute fibre, and their uses.
- To know about Woolfibre.
- To know about silkfibres.
- To study about different types of spinning methods manufacture of Viscose rayon.
- To know about Tencel, Lyocell, Modol, Polynosic rayon and HTrayon.
- To know about the manufacture of Nylon 6, Nylon 66, polyester, Acrylic fibres and their properties &uses.
- To know uses of Glass fibre, bamboo, casein, carbon, Nomex and Kevlar fibres.

4060310- FIBRE SCIENCE AND TECNOLOGY DETAILED SYLLABUS CONTENTS

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours	
	INTRODUCTION:		
	Definition of Textile Fibre. Classification of Textile Fibres based		
	on origin and chemical nature - Properties required for an ideal		
	textile fibre - Identification of Textile Fibres(cotton, silk, wool,		
	Viscose, nylon, polyester acrylic) - Microscopic test, burning		
_	test, Solubility test - Types of polymerization - Addition and	15	
l	condensation polymerization. Definition of monomer, polymer,		
	repeat unit, polymerization, Degree of polymerization, Staple		
	fibre, filament yarn, mono filament, multifilament, spun yarn &		
	ply yarn. spinning methods of man madefibres - melt, dry and		
	wet spinning techniques. Essential and desirable properties of		
	textile fibre		
	VEGETABLE FIBRES		
	Cotton: Cotton producing countries and states in India -		
	Classification of commercial cottons, Indian hybrid cottons with		
	their characteristic - Chemical structure of cellulose, degree of		
	polymerization of cotton cellulose, stages in the growth and		
	development of the cotton fibre and its physical structure -		
	Physical and chemical structures of cotton fibre - Physical and	15	
	chemical properties of cotton - Uses. Brief study of organic		
	fibres		
	Linen: Linen producing countries - Physical and chemical		
	properties -Uses.		
	Jute: Jute producing countries and states in India -Fibre		
	extraction process - Retting process - Physical and chemical		
	properties – Uses.		
	End uses of Bamboo, soya, sisal, Banana and Pineapple fibres.		

	ANIMAL FIBRES	
	Wool: Wool producing countries - Classification of wool with	
	respect to fleece and breeds - Production of Clean wool from	
	Raw wool - Physical and chemical structure - Physical and	
III	chemical properties - Comparison of woollen and worsted	
""	yarns - Uses. Felting of wool	15
	Silk: Silk producing countries - Types of silk (Mulbery, Eri,	
	Muga) - Sericulture-life cycle of silk warm - Reeling, throwing	
	and doubling - Degumming of silk -Weighting of silk - Physical	
	and chemical properties – Uses.	
	REGENERATED FIBRES :	
	Drawing and its importance.	
	Viscose Rayon: Viscose Rayon manufacturers in India - Raw	
	material – manufacturing Process with flow chart - Properties -	
IV	uses.	
	Polynosic Rayon: Comparison of chief characteristics of	14
	viscose with polynosic rayons. Process sequence in the	
	manufacture of Polynosic rayons	
	Properties and Uses - High Wet Modulus rayon, HT Rayon,	
	Tencel Rayon, Lyocell, Modal, polynosic	
	SYNTHETIC FIBRES:	
	Nylon and Polyester manufacturers in India.	
	Nylon 6,6:Raw material – manufacturing Process with flow	
	chart - properties -uses.	
	Nylon – 6: Raw material – manufacturing Process with flow	
	chart - properties - uses	14
V	Polyester: Raw material – manufacturing Process using PTA	
	route with flow chart - properties - uses.	
	Acrylic Fibre: Raw material - manufacturing Process with	
	flow chart - properties -uses.	
	Applications of the following fibres: Glass, Asbestos, Casein,	
	Carbon, Nomex, Kevlar & Polyurethane.	
	Fully-drawn yarn (FDY) and Partially Oriented Yarn (POY)	

TEXT BOOKS

S.No	TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLISHERS	YEAR OF PUBLICATION
1	Textile fibres	V.A. Shenai	"Technology of Textile Processing". Sevak publications, Bombay	1997
2	Textile fibres Vol I, Vol II	J.Gordon cook	Woodhead Publishing Ltd. Cambridge England	2001
3	Manmade fibres	P.W. Moncrieff	Newnes – Butterworths, London	1975

REFERENCE BOOKS

S.No	TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLISHERS	YEAR OF PUBLICATION
1	Textile Science	E.P.C. Gohle and L.D. Vilensty	CBS Publishers and Distributors Delhi, India	1987
2	Fibre Science and Technology	S.P.Mishra	New age International (p) Ltd Daryaganj, New Delhi- 110002	2005
3	Dyeing and chemical Technology of Textile Fibres	ER Trotman	British high commission Madras – 2	1970

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weight age.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions		5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)		5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

➤ Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4060310- FIBRE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 100

PART - A (5 x 1 = 5 marks)

Note: Answer all the questions

- 1. Define textile fibre.
- 2. Name any two cotton producing states in India.
- 3. What are the uses of wool fibre?
- 4. Name any two properties ofpolynosic fibre.
- 5. Name any two manufacturers of nylon in India.

PART – B ($10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks}$)

Note: Answer any TEN questions

- 6. Define degree of polymerization.
- 7. What do you mean by ply yarns?
- 8. Define Staple fibre.
- 9. What are the uses of Linen?
- 10. What are the end uses of bamboo and sisal fibres?
- 11. Name any three hybrid cotton grown in our country.
- 12. Explain the major wool producing countries in the world.
- 13. Write short note on physical and chemical properties of silk.
- 14. What is Spun silk?
- 15. What are the properties and uses of HT rayon?
- 16. Mention any two differences between viscose and polynosic yarns?
- 17. Give the repeat unit of viscose rayon?
- 18. State the raw materials required for Polyester fibres.
- 19. What are the properties of nylon 6 fibre?
- 20. Explain about FDY.

PART - C

Answer all the questions choosing either sub-division (A) or sub-division (B) of each question. (5 x 15 = 75)

21.	(A)	I.	How will you identify the following textile fibre?	(7)
		II.	(i) Cotton (ii) Wool How will you identify the following textile fibre? (i) Silk (ii) Viscose (iii) Acrylic	(8)
	(D)		(OR)	(7)
	(B)	l.	Explain addition polymerisation in detail.	(7)
		II.	Explain condensation polymerisation in detail.	(8)
22.	(A)	I.	Explain the physical structure of cotton fibres.	(7)
		II.	Explain the chemical structure of cotton fibres	(8)
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Describe the physical properties of jute fibre.	(7)
		II.	Describe the chemical properties of jute fibre.	(8)
23.	(A)	l.	Explain the physical structure of wool fibre	(7)
		II.	Explain the chemical structure of wool fibre.	(8)
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Explain the reeling and throwing of silk.	(7)
		II.	Explain doubling of silk.	(8)
24.	(A)	I.	Explain the manufacturing process of viscose yarn	(7)
		II.	Draw the flow chart for manufacturing process of	(8)
			viscose rayon	
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Describe the physical properties of viscose fibre.	(7)
	-	II.	Describe the chemical properties of viscose fibre	(8)
25.	(A)	I.	Explain the manufacturing process of Nylon 6,6	(7)

	II. Draw the flow chart for manufacturing Nylon 6,6		(8)
		(OR)	
(B)	l.	Explain the manufacturing process of acrylic fibre	(7)
	П.	Draw the flow chart for manufacturing of acrylic fibre	(8)



DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061 : DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : **4061320**

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Duration
Pretreatment for			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	
Textile Colouration	5	80	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*}Examination will be conducted for 100 marks and it will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

SI. No.	Topic	Time (Hrs)
1	BASIC TEXTILE CHEMISTRY	14
2	SINGEING & DESIZING	15
3	MERCERIZATION & SCOURING	15
4	BLEACHING	15
5	14	
	07	
	80	

RATIONALE:

Due to the high volume of export and the local need of the textile goods, it is inevitably necessary to produce in a bulk and quicker rate. It is possible by the modern machines with latest technology. This subject covers basic textile chemistry, singeing, desizing, and mercerising, scouring, bleaching, preparatory process for non – cellulosic fibres and quality test. Hence, it fulfills the above need.

The various sequences of processes like singeing, desizing, scouring, mercerizing, bleaching have to be included and knowledge on quality assurance and drying machines provides the basic inputs required in the subject of preparatory processes for textile processing.

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire knowledge in basics of textile chemistry.
- To understand the chemistry of various auxiliaries used in textile wet processing.
- To understand the basic structure of fibre forming polymers and its effect on processing.
- To learn the basic principle of singeing.
- To study the types of desizing and their principles.
- To study the machines used for singeing and desizing
- To have an understanding of effects of mercerization.
- To have an idea about liquid ammonia treatment.
- To thoroughly impart knowledge in scouring of cotton.
- To acquire knowledge in understanding different types of bleaching agents used.
- To study about bleaching of cotton material using hydrogen peroxide
- To have an idea about single stage desizing, scouring, bleaching.
- To impart ideas about the preparatory processes of non-cellulosic fibres.
- To understand the principles of quality test used in preparation.

DETAILED SYLLABUS CONTENTS

4061320- PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
I	Basic Textile Chemistry Definition - Inorganic chemicals, Organic chemicals, Acids, Alkali, Salts, Uses of Oxidizing Agents, Reducing Agents, Sequestering Agents in textile processing with examples - pH and its importance in textile processing — Brief study of Surfactants & Soaps - Sequence of processes involved in textile processing of woven fabrics, knitted fabrics and yarn with purposes of each process - Quality parameters of water required for preparatory processes.	14
II	Singeing and Desizing Inspection of grey goods- Lot preparation — objects of singeing- Gas singeing machine for yarn - Gas singeing machine for woven fabrics, Tubular singeing machine for knitted fabrics — precautions needed in singeing- Objects of desizing — Principle of desizing — Brief study on properties and types of enzymes used for desizing — Continuous Enzymatic desizing processes — Advantages — Study on washing machines rope washing and continuous washing machine. Drying machine for Woven and Knitted — Hydro Extractor and Balloon Padder.	15
III	Mercerisation & Scouring Objects of macerisation – conditions recommended (recipe) for mercerizing - changes taking place in mercerized cotton – Working of chain mercerizing machine and chainless mercerizing machine for woven fabrics – Working of any one knit fabric mercerizing machine – Objects of scouring –	15

IV	Impurities in cotton, Wool and Silk – Mechanism of scouring by which impurities are removed – scouring of cotton fabric with suitable recipe using machines jigger. Brief study on Kier. Scouring of Wool, Linen and Degumming of Silk. Bio Scouring. Bleaching Objects of bleaching – Oxidizing bleaching agents – properties and limitation of hypochlorite – Properties of hydrogen peroxide – advantages of H ₂ O ₂ bleaching – Stabilizers for hydrogen peroxide – Process of bleaching with H ₂ O ₂ with recipes using Jigger and continuous Scouring bleaching range (CBR) - Combined scouring and bleaching of knitted fabrics using soft flow machines - Scouring and bleaching of yarn using cheese dyeing machine. – Peroxide killer treatment - Oxalic acid treatment for iron impurities	15
V	QUALITY TESTS IN PREPARATION Need for quality control in textile wet processing. Flow charts indicating process control and quality control tests to be carried out in desizing, scouring, mercerizing, bleaching, souring, dyeing, printing and finishing. Identification and estimation of residual starch. Determination of weight loss during desizing and scouring. Estimation of residual wax content and total wax content by soxhlet extract method. Determination of barium activity number. Absorbency tests by Drop test method and Wicking height method. Determination of whiteness and whiteness retention.	14

TEXT BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of Publication
Marsh.J.T	Introduction to Textile Bleaching	BI Publications, Janapath, Delhi-1	1979
Shenai.V.A	Technology of Bleaching &Mercerising	Sevak Publications, Wadala, Mumbai-	1987
John shore	Cellulosic dyeing	SDC Publications, UK	2000

REFERENCE BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of	
Author	Title	Publisher	Publication	
Chakravarthi.R.R & Trivedi	Technology of Bleaching and Dyeing Vol. I Part I	Mahajan Book Depot, Ahemedabad-9		
Trotman, E.R	Textiles Scouring &	Charless Griffins, Com.	Reprinted	
Troundin E.ix	Bleaching	Ltd. London	on 2014	
		BI Publications,		
Marsh.J.T	Mercerising	Janapath		
		Delhi-1		
Ghokale.S.V. & Dingra.A.K	Maintenance in Chemical Processing	AITRA Ahemedabad-15	1984	
Dr.J.V.Rao	Auxiliaries	NITRA Publications, Ghaziabad.		
	ISI Handbook of Textile Testing	Indian Standard Institution (Delhi)	Indian Standard Institution, New Delhi	

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions		5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)		5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

➤ Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

4061320 - PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION

Time: 3 Hrs Max.Marks: 100

Part - A

(5 X 1 = 5)

Note: Answer ALL questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. What are organic chemicals?
- 2. What is singeing?
- 3. What is scouring?
- 4. What is OBA?
- 5. What is whiteness index?

Part - B

(10 X 2 = 20)

Note: Answer any TEN questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 6. What is surfactant?
- 7. What are the uses sequestering agent?
- 8. Distinguish soap and surfactant.
- 9. Write the principle of desizing.
- 10. Name any two dryers.
- 11. Name the enzymes used for desizing.
- 12. What are the impurities present in raw cotton and wool?
- 13. What is degumming of silk?
- 14. Write the recipe used for mercerization.
- 15. What are the limitations of hypochlorite bleaching?
- 16. What are the advantages of hydrogen peroxide bleaching?
- 17. How will you remove the iron impurities?
- 18. What is the need of quality control in textile wet processing?
- 19. How will you check the efficiency of scouring?
- 20. Write the concept of estimation of residual wax content.

Part - C

(5 X 15 = 75)

Note: Answer ALL questions by choosing either A (OR) B

21.	A. i) Explain the sequence of processes involved in textile wet processing.	(7)
	ii) Explain the quality parameters requirement of water for preparatory	
	processes	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Explain the uses of oxidizing agent and reducing agent in textile	
	processing.	(7)
	ii) Explain the importance of pH.	(8)
22.	A. i) Explain the Gas singeing machine for woven fabric.	(7)
	ii) What are the precautions need to be taken in singeing.	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Explain the continuous enzymatic desizing processing.	(7)
	ii) Explain the working of ballon padder.	
	(8)	
23.	A. i) Explain the working of chainless mercerizing machine.	(7)
	ii) How will you do scouring of wool.	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Explain the scouring of cotton fabric using jigger.	(7)
	ii) Explain Bio Scouring.	(8)
24.	A. i) Explain the bleaching process using continuous bleaching range.	(7)
	ii) Write notes on stabilizers used in bleaching.	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Explain the combined scouring and bleaching using softflow machine.	(7)
	ii) Write notes on Linen bleaching.	(8)
25.	A. i) Explain the principles of drop test and wicking test.	(7)
	ii) How will you determine residual starch?	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Describe the procedure for determining Barium Activity Number.	(7)
	ii) How do you determine whiteness and whiteness retention.	(8)



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

DYEING OF NATURAL FIBRES

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061 : DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061330

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : DYEING OF NATURAL FIBRES

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination				
Subject	Hours/ week	Hours/ semester	Marks				
Dyeing of Natural	5 80	80	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	Duration	
Fibres			25	100*	100	3 Hrs	

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and it will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

SI.No.	Topic	Time(Hrs)		
1	Theory of Colouration	14		
2	Direct Dyes and Reactive Dyes	15		
3	Vat, Solublized Vat and Sulphur Dyes	15		
4	Acid and Basic Dyes	14		
5 Quality Tests in Colouration 15				
	Test & Model exam	07		
	Total			

RATIONALE:

Dyeing is an important process in the textile processing sequence which imparts uniform color in the textile material. Dyeing depends on the affinity of dyes for the fibres, conditions of dyeing and auxiliaries used for dyeing of natural fibres. Direct dyes, Reactive dyes, Vat, Solubilised Vat dyes & Sulphur dyes are used for cotton and Acid, Basic dyes for silk, wool material using various techniques and machines.

The content of the syllabus for this subject is aimed to fulfill the requirements of dyeing industries in addition to the theoretical knowledge behind the chemistry of dyeing of the above classes of dyes with natural fibres.

OBJECTIVES:

- To know about the basic theory and application concepts of dyeing.
- ❖ To have an idea about the role and functions of dyeing auxiliaries.
- ❖ To know how direct dyes are applied on cellulosic material.
- ❖ To know how various types of Reactive dyes are applied on cellulosic material.
- To know how Vat, & Sulphur dyes are applied on cellulosic material.
- To know how the Solubilised Vat dyes are applied on cellulosic material.
- To know how Acid & Basic dyes are applied on Wool and Silk materials.
- ❖ To know how Acid & Basic dyes are applied on Wool and Silk materials.

DETAILED SYLLABUS CONTENTS

4061330- DYEING OF NATURAL FIBRES

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
	THEORY OF COLOURATION	
	Introduction about Colour Theory. Definitions-Dyes, Pigments,	
	Hue, Chroma, Value, Chromophore, Auxochrome. Primary and	
	Secondary colours-Common terms in dyeing-Affinity, Substantivity,	
I	Exhaustion, Expression, Percentage of shade - Theory of dyeing -	14
	Adsorption, Diffusion, Fixation - Classification of dyes - Essential	
	properties of a dye - Effect of M : L ratio, salt, temperature and	
	time of dyeing – Dyeing auxiliaries - Wetting agents, Sequestering	
	agents, Exhausting agents, Leveling agents, Retarding agents,	
	Dispersing agents, Dye fixing agents and Stripping agents.	
	DIRECT DYES AND REACTIVE DYES	
	Direct Dyes - Classification - Properties - Application of direct	
	dyes on cotton – after treatments – Advantages and	
	disadvantages of direct dyes – Stripping of direct dyed material.	
II	Reactive dyes - Classification - Properties - Mechanism of	15
	dyeing Application methods – Exhaust dyeing (cold brand, HE &	
	ME dyes) by using Jigger, Semi continuous (vinyl sulphone dyes)	
	by using Soft Flow dyeing machine and Continuous method (e-	
	control process) - Advantages and Disadvantages of reactive dyes	
	- Stripping of reactive dyed material.	
	VAT SOLUBLISED VAT AND SULPHUR DYES	
	Vat dyes – Classification – Properties –Steps involved in vat	
	dyeing – Application methods like Leuco vat, Pigment padding and	
	continuous method, Advantages and Disadvantages of vat dyes -	
III	Stripping of vat dyed material.	15
	Solublised Vat dye – Properties – Exhaust method of application	
	of solublised vat dyes on cotton - Advantages and Disadvantages	
	of solublised vat dyes - Stripping of solublised vat dyed material.	
	Sulphur dye – Properties - Exhaust method of application of	

	sulphur dyes on cotton- Advantages and Disadvantages of sulphur					
	dyes - Problems involved in sulphur dyeing like Bronziness and					
	acid tendering and remedies - Stripping of sulphur dyed material					
	ACID AND BASIC DYES					
	Acid dyes - Classification - Properties - Mechanism of dyeing -					
	Dyeing of silk with acid - Dyeing of wool with acid dyes -					
IV	Advantages and Disadvantages of acid dyes.	14				
	Basic dyes - Properties - Dyeing of silk with basic dyes - Dyeing					
	of wool with basic dyes - Advantages and Disadvantages of basic					
	dyes					
	QUALITY TESTS IN COLOURATION					
	Grey scale and its use in assessing fastness. Determination of					
	fastness to washing. Determination of fastness to dry & wet					
.,	rubbing. Determination of light fastness to artificial light.	45				
V	Determination of fastness to acid and alkaline perspiration.	15				
	Determination of fastness to hot pressing. Determination of					
	fastness to dry cleaning and sublimation. Determination of					
	fastness to Saliva.					
		<u> </u>				

TEXT BOOK:

Author	Title	Publisher	Year
Asim kumar roy choudhury	Textile preparation and dyeing	Oxford & IBH publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi	2006
Shenai V.A	Technology of Dyeing Technology of Textile Processing, Vol. I	Sevak Publications, 306, Sri Hanuman Industrial Estate, GC Ambedkar Road, Wadala, Bombay 400 031	1980
Chakravarthy RR and Trivedi S.S	Technology of Bleaching and Dyeing of Textile Fibres Vo	Mahajan Book Publishers, Supermarket Basement, Near Nataraj Cinema, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad 380 009	1979
John shore	Cellulosic dyeing	SDC Publications, UK	1995

REFERENCE BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year
	Dyeing and Chemical	Charles Griffin & Co, 42,	
Trotman E.R	Technology of Textile	Dhury lane, London WC2	
	Fibres		
		Ahmadabad Textile	
Gokhle S.V. and	Cotton Diogo dyging	Industries, Research Assn.	1981
Shah.R.C	Cotton Piece dyeing	(ATIRA), PO Polytechnic,	1901
		Ahmadabad 380 015	
Storoy (Joygo)	Manual of Dyes and	Thames and Hindson,	1981
Storey (Joyce)	Fabrics	London	1901
	Recent Process of Textile	SB Srivastava, S B P Board	
Srivastava SB		Consultant, S B P	1981
Silvasiava SB	Bleaching, Dyeing and	Buildings, 4/45 Roopnagar,	
	Finishing	Delhi 110 007	
BTRA	Recent advances in	Processing of cotton and	
BIKA	chemistry & technology	Manmade textiles	
D.M. Lewis	Wool Dyeing	SDC Publications, UK	
LK Appland	Textile Dyeing and	AATCC Publications, USA	
J.K.Aspland	Colouration		
Mc Donald	Colour Physics for Industry	SDC Publications, UK	
Franklin Beech	The dyeing of woollen	Abhisheik Publications	
Fidikiiii beecii	fabric		
Wilfred	Colour for Textiles	SDC Publications, UK	
Ingamells	Colour for rextiles		
John shore	Cellulosic dyeing	SDC Publications, UK	

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions		E VAE - 75 Marka
(Either A or B)		5 X15 = 75 Marks
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

➤ Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4061330- DYEING OF NATURAL FIBRES

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

Part - A

 $05 \times 01 = 05$

Answer all the questions.

- 1. Define Affinity.
- 2. Write the names of the classification of direct dyes.
- 3. Write the names of the classification of vat dyes
- 4. Write the names of the classification of acid dyes
- 5. What do you mean by grey scale?

Part - B

 $10 \times 02 = 20$

Answer any 10 questions.

- 6. Define: Chroma.
- 7. What are chromophores?
- 8. Define: Percentage of shade
- 9. State any two properties of direct dyes.
- 10. State any two properties of reactive dyes
- 11. What do you mean by stripping?
- 12. State any two properties of vat dyes.
- 13. State any two disadvantages of solublised vat dyes.
- 14. State any two properties of sulphur dyes.
- 15. State any two advantages of acid dyes
- 16. How will you strip acid dyed material?
- 17. State any two properties of basic dyes
- 18. Give the fastness rating for light fastness?
- 19. What do you mean by acid perspiration?
- 20. What do you mean by saliva fastness?

Part - C

(5 X 15 = 75)

Note: Answer ALL questions by choosing either A (OR) B

21	Α	i)Explain the basic theory of colour and components of dye.	7
		ii) Write short note about i) Affinity, ii) Substantivity iii) Exhaustion	8
		(OR)	
	В	i) Define the Following i) Chromophore ii) Auxochrome	7
		ii)Explain the various functions of dyeing assistants.	8
22	Α	i)Explain how direct dyes are applied on cotton material.	7
		ii)Brief note on various after treatments for direst dyed material (OR)	8
	В	i) Explain the application of vinyl sulphone reactive dyes on cotton	7
		material by exhaust method.	
		ii) Explain the application of Bi-functional reactive dyes on cotton material by exhaust method.	8
23	Α	i)Explain application of vat dyes on cotton material by leuco	_
		method.	7
		ii) What are the steps involved in vat dyeing application process. (OR)	8
	В	i) Explain the application procedure of sulphur dyes on cotton material	7
			8
		ii) Explain the various problems involved in sulphur dyeing process.	
24	Α	i) Explain the fixation mechanism of acid dyes on wool fibre	7
		ii) How will you dye the wool martial by using acid dyes? (OR)	8
	В	i) Explain application of basic dyes on silk material?	7
		ii) How do you dye the wool with basic dyes using exhaust method?	8
25	Α	i) How will determine the fastness to dry & wet rubbing?	7
		ii) How do you determine the colourfastness to washing? (OR)	8
	В	i) Explain the determination of fastness to alkaline and acid	7
		perspiration.	_
		ii) Define a) AATCC b) ASTMD c) SDC d) BSENISO e) ISO	8



DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

FIBRE AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS - PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061 : DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061340

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : FIBRE AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

Subject Title	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Durat	
FIBRE AND CHEMICAL			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	ion
ANALYSIS - PRACTICAL	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Chemicals used in the processing laboratory should be pure and should have 100% strength. Therefore it is essential to acquire practical knowledge in analyzing the water and chemicals for their purity. In addition, fibre analysis is also an important skill to learn.

GUIDELINES

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the board practical examination.
- ❖ In order to gain in depth practical knowledge, every student should individually carry out the experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while examining a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. IDENTIFICATION OF FIBRES

To study about the identification of fibres by burning and solvent test

2. ANALYSIS OF FIBRES IN BLENDS

To analyse the fibres in blends such as Polyester/Cotton and Polyester/Wool and Acrylic/wool.

In this test there are two different compositions of fibres from which the individual compositions of fibres can be analysed. Such as Polyester/Cotton and Polyester/ Wool and Acrylic/wool.

3. ESTIMATION OF HARDNESS, pH AND EFFICIENCY

To estimate the hardness and pH of water. It imparts the knowledge of estimating the hardness and pH of water.

4. ESTIMATION OF PURITY

To estimate the purity of sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid, caustic soda, sodium carbonate, and sodium hydro sulphite.

This gives the knowledge of estimating the purity of sodium carbonate, caustic soda, sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid and sodium hydro sulphite.

5. VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS

To do the volumetric analyze of H_2O_2 (iodimetry) solution.

It gives the knowledge of analyzing the strength of H₂O₂.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Identify the fibres by burning test.
- 2. Identify the fibres by solvent test.
- 3. Analyse the individual composition of fibres in blends Polyester / Cotton fabric.
- 4. Analyse the individual composition of fibres in blends Polyester / Wool fabric
- 5. Analyse the individual composition of fibres in blends Acrylic / Wool fabric
- 6. Estimate the total hardness and pH of given water.
- 7. Estimate the purity of sulphuric acid
- 8. Estimate the purity of hydrochloric acid
- 9. Estimate the purity of sodium carbonate
- 10. Estimate the purity of sodium hydroxide
- 11. Estimate the purity of sodium hydro sulphite
- 12. Estimate the strength of given hydrogen peroxide

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND THE QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Materials required (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Lab grade Chemicals
- 2. Filter Paper 1 packet
- 3. pH Paper 1 packet

Equipments: (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Burettes (50 ml) 30 Nos
- 2. Pipettes (10 ml) 30 Nos
- 3. Conical Flasks (250 ml & 500 ml) 30 Nos & 05 Nos
- 4. Burette Stands 30 Nos
- 5. Digital pH Meter 2 Nos
- 6. Glass beakers (1lit) 02 Nos
- 7. Measuring Jars (100 ml) 10 Nos
- 8. Glass funnels 30 Nos
- 9. Hydro meters-full range 5 Nos

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION - PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061350

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination				
Subject Title	Hours Hours /Week /Semester	Hours	Marks				
		Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration		
PRETREATMENT FOR TEXTILE COLOURATION - PRACTICAL	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs	

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Preparatory processes such as desizing, scouring, bleaching and mercerizing help to improve absorbency and feel of the fabric. These processes prepare the fabric ready for dyeing, printing and finishing. Practical knowledge on these processes would help to learn the subsequent processes with ease.

GUIDELINES

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the board practical examination.
- ❖ In order to gain in depth practical knowledge, every student should individually carry out the experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while examining a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. DESIZING

Desizing of given sized cotton fabric by using enzyme desizing method. After desizing, the efficiency of the process will be evaluated by finding the weight loss

2. SCOURING

Scouring of given desized cotton fabric by using NaOH. Scouring is done to remove the natural and added impurities from cotton, wool and polyester blended fabrics.

3. MERCERIZATION

Mercerization is done to improve the dye uptake and dimensional stability in cotton. Sodium Hydroxide is used.

4. BLEACHING

Bleaching is done to remove the natural colouring matter from cotton and wool. Sodium Hypochlorite and Hydrogen peroxide can be used.

5. DEGUMMING

Degumming of given raw silk by using hot soaping treatment.

To remove the sericin gum from the silk material.

6. COMBINED SCOURING AND BLEACHING

Combined scouring and bleaching process for the given cotton material by using alkali and hydrogen peroxide.

To carry out combined scouring and bleaching process to save energy, time and cost by using alkali and hydrogen peroxide.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- Desizie the given cotton fabric using Enzyme Desizing method and determine the starch content.
- 2. Do the scouring of given cotton fabric using Desized cotton fabric and determine the scouring loss.
- 3. Mercerize the given cotton hank.
- 4. Bleach the given scoured cotton fabric with Sodium hypochlorite.
- 5. Bleach the given scoured cotton fabric with Hydrogen Peroxide.
- 6. Do the Degumming of given raw silk yarn hank using Soda Ash and Soap.
- 7. Bleach the given silk yarn hank using hydrogen peroxide.
- 8. Do the Scouring of given wool yarn hank using soap and soda ash.
- 9. Bleach the given wool yarn hank using hydrogen peroxide.
- 10. Do the Scouring of given polyester /cotton blended fabric.
- 11. Bleach the given polyester /cotton blended fabric
- 12. Carry out the combined scouring & bleaching of given cotton material using hydrogen peroxide

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND THE QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Materials required: (for a batch of 30 students):

Grey cotton hank and fabric, silk and wool fabric, P/C blended fabric

Equipments required: (for a batch of 30 students):

Dye bath with 6 pots – 5 Nos

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes and keep their shirts tucked in.
- 3. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 4. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 5. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 6. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 7. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER
2020 – 2021 onwards

DYEING OF NATURAL FIBRES - PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061360

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : DYEING OF NATURAL FIBRES - PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours	Hours	Marks			
oubject Title			Internal	Board	Total	Duration
		, comocio	Assessment		lotai	
DYEING OF						
NATURAL	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs
FIBRES -	4 1115	04 1115	25	100	100	3 ПІЗ
PRACTICAL						

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

The dyeing of natural fibre practical imports the practical knowledge about the dyes such as direct, reactive, Low salt dye, vat, and sulphur dyes on cotton and Acid and basic on silk and wool. The above mentioned dyes are being carried out in the shade matching laboratory of the textile industries. Almost it covers the above mentioned dyes which are being used in the industry.

GUIDELINES:

All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the end semester practical examination.

In order to develop best skills in handling Instruments/Equipment and taking readings in the practical classes, every two students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory. The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. DYEING OF COTTON WITH VARIOUS DYESTUFFS

Dyeing of cotton using water soluble dyes such as Direct dyes, Reactive dyes, (Cold brand, Hot Brand, Vinyl sulphone, ME, Low salt. etc.,)

Dyeing of cotton using water insoluble dyes such as Vat dyes, Sulphur dyes, etc.,

To understand the dyeing of cotton with various above mentioned dye stuffs.

2. DYEING OF SILK & WOOL WITH VARIOUS DYESTUFFS

Dyeing of Silk / Wool using Reactive dyes, Acid dyes, basic dyes etc,

To understand the dyeing of silk / wool with various above mentioned dye stuffs

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Dye the cotton with direct dyes.
- 2. Dye the Cotton with Cold brand reactive dyes.
- 3. Dye the Cotton with Hot brand reactive dyes.
- 4. Dye the Cotton with Vinyl Sulphone reactive dyes.
- 5. Dye the Linen with Bi functional (ME) reactive dyes.
- 6. Dye the cotton using Low salt dyeing method
- 7. Dye the Cotton with Vat dyes.
- 8. Dye the Cotton with Sulphur colours
- 9. Dye the Silk with Reactive dyes.
- 10. Dye the Silk with Acid dyes.
- 11. Dye the Wool with Acid dyes.
- 12. Dye the Silk with Basic dyes

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND THE QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

List of Equipments:

- 1. Dye baths with 6 pots 5 Nos.
- 2. Hot plate 2 Nos.

Materials and the quantity required (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Bleached cotton Hank 1 kg
- 2. Bleached Wool & Silk 100 gms.
- 3. Bleached cotton Fabric 5 meters
- 4. Any one colour from all major dye classes 100 gms each.

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

III SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

QUALITY ASSURANCE IN
PRETREATMENT AND DYEING - PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061370

Semester : III Semester

Subject Title : QUALITY ASSURANCE IN PRETREATMENT AND

DYEING - PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

Onde in at Title	Instr	uctions		Examination		
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks Du			
QUALITY ASSURANCE			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	on
IN PRE- TREATMENT AND DYEING - PRACTICAL	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Testing the various quality and efficiency of pretreated and dyed goods which are prepared by desizing, scouring, mercerizing, bleaching and dyeing. In quality assurance in pretreatment and dyeing practical, the students will be given practice to handle the instruments and testing procedure to improve their skill in quality assurance with respect to pretreatment and dyeing.

GUIDELINES:

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the end semester practical examination.
- ❖ In order to develop best skills in handling Instruments/Equipment and taking readings in the practical classes, every two students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS AND SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Estimate the efficiency of detergents by sinking time method.
- 2. Estimate the absorbency of desized fabric using wicking height method.
- 3. Estimate the absorbency of scoured fabric using Drop test.
- 4. Carry out the scouring of given cotton fabric using Enzyme & Alkali and comparing the efficiency with alkali scouring in terms of Drop test.
- 5. Carry out the Bleaching of given cotton with H₂O₂ using Na₂SiO₃ Stabilizer, Phosphate & Organic Stabilizer and identify the best stabilizer.
- 6. Estimate the barium activity number of mercerized cotton.
- 7. Evaluate the purity of reactive dyes using visual method by dyeing trials.
- 8. Estimate the dry rubbing fastness of dyed material.
- 9. Estimate the wet rubbing fastness of dyed material.
- 10. Estimation of wash fastness (any one test from ISO 1 to 5)
- 11. Estimation of perspiration fastness of dyed material.
- 12. Estimation of dry cleaning fastness of dyed material.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Material required:

- 1. Desized fabric 2 meter.
- 2. Scoured fabric 2 meter
- 3. Bleached fabric 2 meter.
- 4. Any one colour from all major dyes 100 gm each.
- 5. Dyed fabric 4 meters dyed from one colour of all major dyes.

Equipments Required:

1. Necessary chemicals.

- 2. Laundro meter 1 No
- 3. Crock meter 2 Nos
- 4. Perspiro meter 2 Nos
- 5. Soxhlet extractor 2 Nos

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out

IV SEMESTER



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH II YEAR

N- SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TECHNOLOGY OF YARN MANUFACTURE

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061410

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : TECHNOLOGY OF YARN MANUFACTURE

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instr	uctions	Examination			
Subject	Hours/	Hours /	Marks Durati			
	Week	Semester		IVIAI NS		on
TECHNOLOGY			Internal	Board	Total	
OF			Assessment	Examination		3 Hrs
YARN MANUFACTURE	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	25	100*	100	

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

TOPICS AND ALLOCATION OF HOURS

Unit	Topic	Time(Hrs)
1	GINNING, MIXING, BLOW ROOM AND CARDING	14
2	DRAWING AND COMBING	15
3	ROVING AND SPINNING	15
4	DOUBLING, REELING, BUNDLING AND BALING	14
5	REGULAR AND SPECIALTY YARNS	15
	TEST & REVISION	07
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

To understand about various preparatory processes in spinning like ginning, mixing, blow room, carding, drawing and combing. The students will be taught about ring spinning and post spinning, the students will study the definition and uses of different types of Fancy Yarns processes.

OBJECTIVES:

- ❖ To study about the sequence of machines in Blow room lines.
- To study the functions and passage of material through carding
- ❖ To study the functions and passage of material through drawing
- To study the functions and passage of material through combing
- ❖ To study the functions and passage of material through speed frame.
- To study the functions and passage of material through Ring Frame.
- Brief study about Modern Spinning systems.
- ❖ To study the objectives and details of Doubling, Reeling, Bundling and Baling.
- To study the functions and passage of material through 7 Lea Mechanism.
- ❖ To study the definition and uses of different types of Fancy Yarns
- To study the manufacturing process of sewing thread.

DETAILED SYLLABUS 4061410 - Technology of Yarn Manufacture

CONTENTS: Theory

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
	GINNING, MIXING, BLOW ROOM AND CARDING	
	Ginning: Objects, types of gins.	
	Mixing and Blending: Objects - difference between mixing &	
	blending.	
I	Blowroom: Objects - sequence of blow room machines for carded	
	yarn and combed yarn manufacture - sequence of blow room	14
	machines for processing 100% synthetic fibres and their blends, Brief	
	Idea about Blendomat / Bale Plucker - chute feed system - its	
	advantages and disadvantages	
	Carding: Objects – principles of carding and stripping actions –	
	passage of material through modern HP card – salient features of	
	modern HP card.	
	DRAWING & COMBING	
	Drawing: Objects drawing – principles of roller drafting – passage of	
	material through modern high speed draw Frame – salient features of	
	modern draw frame - principles and types of auto levelers - open loop	
II	and closed loop auto levelers	15
	Combing: Objects of preparatory machines to combing - objects of	
	combing - sequence of combing action - passage of material through	
	the modern high speed comber – salient features - comparison between carded and combed yarns - definition of semi combed yarn	
	and combing efficiency	
	ROVING AND SPINNING	
	Roving: Objects of speed frame – passage of material through	
	modern Speed frame – functions of flyer, spindle, false twister &	
Ш	aprons. Definition of flyer lead & bobbin lead winding - salient features	15
	of modern speed frame.	
	Ring Spinning: Objects – passage of material through modern ring	

	frame - functions of rings & travelers, S & Z Twist - salient features of	
	modern high speed ring frame.	
	Rotor (OE) Spinning: Objects - passage of material through rotor	
	spinning – advantages & limitations - comparison between ring and	
	OE yarns.	
	Other Spinning Systems: Friction spinning - DREF 3, Air jet, Air	
	Vortex and Compact spinning systems - only salient features	
	DOUBLING, REELING, BUNDLING AND BALING	
	Doubling: Objects – principles of doubling - passage of material	
	through dry and wet doubling machines - end uses of doubled yarn.	
15.7	Two For One twisting: Objects - passage of material through TFO -	4.4
IV	advantages & disadvantages.	14
	Reeling: Objects – reeling types – passage of material through 7 lea	
	reeling machine	
	Bundling and Baling: Only objects.	
	REGULAR AND SPECIALTY YARNS	
	Definition and end uses of Spun yarn - Cable yarns - Slub yarns -	
	neppy yarns – Loop or Curl yarn– Spiral or Cork screw yarns –	
	Chenille yarn – Core yarn – injected yarn – Mélange yarns -	
V	Elastomeric yarns – Metallic yarns– (No Method of production	15
	Details). Yarn Numbering Systems – Direct and Indirect.	
	Sewing threads – Properties required for sewing threads – Process	
	flow chart for cotton and spun polyester sewing thread manufacture.	

TEXT BOOKS:

Author	Title	Publisher	Year
A.V.Mani	Spun yarn technology -volume	Saravana Publications,	1996
	1 & 11	Madurai	
Jaganathan.R	Cotton spinners Hand book	Mahajan Brothers	
		Ahmadabad 380009	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

SL. NO	Title	Author	Publisher	Year
1	W.A.Hunter	Opening and cleaning	The Textile Institute	
'			Manchester, U.K.	
2	W.S.Taggert	Cotton spinning	S.S. Shroff, Bombay	
	W.Klein	Short Staple Spinning	The Textile Institute	
3		Series Volume I, II &	Manchester, U.K.	1987
		III		
	Hanter.W.A	Manual of cotton	Textile Institute	
4		spinning volume IV &	Manchester	
		V		
	Srinivasamoorthy.H.V	Cotton waste industry	Victoria Jubilee	
5			Technical	
5			Institute, Matunga,	
			Bombay 400019	

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions		5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)		5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

➤ Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Subject: 4061420 - Technology of Yarn Manufacture

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Define the term ginning.
- 2. What is combing efficiency?
- 3. What is 's' twist?
- 4. What is object of reeling?
- 5. Define: Spun yarn

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 = 20)

- 6. What are the objects of Blow room?
- 7. What do you understand about Blendomat?
- 8. What are the objects of carding?
- 9. What do you understand about semi-combed yarn?
- 10. Write the principals of roller drafting.
- 11. What are the objects of combing?
- 12. Write any four salient features of Air vortex spinning system.
- 13. Write the functions of ring in ring frame.
- 14. Write the difference between Ring and OE yarns.
- 15. What are the objects of bundling and bailing?
- 16. Write any four advantages of TFO machine.
- 17. Write the end uses of doubled yarn.
- 18. Give any four end uses of Melangeyarn.
- 19. Write any four end uses of Spun yarn.
- 20. Write short notes on Elastomeric yarns.

PART C

Answer all the Question,	Choosing either	A or B from each	question	$(5 \times 15 = 75)$
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21	Α	(i)	What is chute feed system and also give its advantages and disadvantages	8
		(ii)	Write the sequence of blow room machines for carded and combed yarn manufacture.	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Write the salient features of modern HP card	8
		(ii)	Draw and explain the passage of material through modern HP card	7
22	Α	(i)	Draw and explain the passage of material through modern draw frame	8
		(ii)	Write the salient features of modern combing machine (OR)	7
	В	(i)	Draw and explain the passage of material through modern high speed comber	8
		(ii)	Write the salient features of modern high speed draw frame	7
23	Α	(i)	Draw and explain the passage of material through rotor spinning	8
		(ii)	Write the salient features of modern speed frame (OR)	7
	В	(i)	Write the salient features of modern high speed ring frame	8
		(ii)	Draw and explain the passage of material through modern speed frame	7
24	Α	(i)	Draw and explain the passage of material through TFO machine	8
		(ii)	State the advantages and disadvantages of TFO machine (OR)	7
	В	(i)	Draw and explain the passage of material through 7 lea reeling machine	8
		(ii)	Draw and explain the passage of material through wet doubling machine	7
25	Α	(i)	Explain about the process sequence of 100% cotton sewing thread manufacturing	8
		(ii)	Write the definition and end uses for the following yarns:	7
		()	Injected yarn b) Metallic yarns (OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain about the process sequence of spun polyester sewing thread	8
		41.5	manufacturing	_
		(ii)	Write the definition and end uses for the following yarns:	7
			a) Cork screw yarns b) Core yarn	



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TECHNOLOGY OF FABRIC MANUFACTURE

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061420

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : TECHNOLOGY OF FABRIC MANUFACTURE

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours/	Hours/	Marks			
	Week	Semester			Dura	
Technology of			Internal Board Total -tic		-tion	
Fabric	5 Hrs	80 Hrs	Assessment	Examination	IOlai	
Manufacture			25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topic	Time(Hrs)
I	Weaving Preparatory Processes	14
Ш	Woven Fabric Formation	15
III	Knitted Fabric Formation	15
IV	Fabric Structures	14
V Non Woven & Special Fabrics		15
	Test & Revision	7
	Total	80

RATIONALE:

Fabric Formation is the second major process in Textile industry in which yarn is converted into fabric. So studying the different techniques of fabric formation like Weaving, Knitting and Non- Woven techniques are very important for a textile technician. Ability to analyse different types of woven and knitted fabric structures is also an essential skill.

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the study of III Semester the student will be able to

Unit - I: Weaving Preparatory Processes

- Study about the preparatory processes in weaving.
- Learning the different types of knotting equipment, Splicing and Autoconer.

Unit - II: Woven Fabric Formation

- Know the primary and secondary motions of plain loom.
- Understand the features of different types of shuttleless looms.
- Understand the defects in woven fabric.

Unit - III: Knitted Fabric Formation

- Understand the basic terminology & elements in knitting
- Know the basic principles & working of plain weft knitting machines.

Unit - IV: Fabric Structures

- Know and analyze the different types of woven structure.
- Know and analyze the different types of knit structure.

Unit - V: Non Woven & Special Fabrics

- Have knowledge on Non Woven and its applications.
 - Know the definition special fabrics

DETAILED SYLLABUS

4061420 TECHNOLOGY OF FABRIC MANUFACTURE

CONTENTS: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
I	Weaving Preparatory Process: Sequence of processes involved in Weaving preparatory with objectives- winding, warping, sizing - Passage of material in Autoconer- Features of Autoconer- Functions of Tensioners, Slub catchers, Electronic Clearers and Splicer – Comparison between Knotting and Splicing – Advantages of splicing. Passage of material in Beam warping - Object of Sectional Warping and its salient features - Passage of material in Sizing machine.	14
11	Woven Fabric Formation Looms – Types- Object of Drawing-in and Denting - Passage of Warp in a conventional Plain loom – Objects of Primary, Secondary & Auxiliary motions in a Plain loom - Features of Tappet, Dobby, Jacquard looms – Features of Automatic Shuttle Loom - Shuttleless looms Classification (Flexible Rapier, Projectile, Air jet and Water jet) and its advantages – Brief study of weft insertion techniques in shuttle less looms - Defects in Woven fabrics – Warp way defects – Weft way defects – Selvedge defects and Stains.	15
III	Knitted Fabric Formation Knitting – Definition, Classification – Uses- Comparison between knitting and weaving - Important Knitting terms - Course, Wales, Texture, Gauge, Loop length, Loop density, Face loop, Back loop- Knitting elements - Needles (Latch, Beard and Compound), Sinker, Cam- Passage of material in a Circular plain Weft knitting machine - Knitting cycle of Latch needle in plain weft knitting machine- Uses of Double Jersey, Flat and Warp knitted fabrics. Defects in Weft knit fabrics - Vertical lines, Horizontal lines, Drop stitches, Distorted stitches and Press off - Comparison between woven and knitted fabrics.	15

	Fabric Structures	
	Woven Structures: Definition of Design, Draft, Peg plan - Design, Draft	
	& Peg plan for Plain weave- 4x4 Matt weave- 2/1, 3/1 Twill weave - 5	
	end Satin weave and Sateen weave – End uses of above fabrics.	
IV	Knit Structures: Knit, Tuck and Miss Stitches – Drawing of Graphical	14
	and Needle (Diagrammatic) notation of single jersey Plain, Purl and Rib.	
	Drawing of Needle (Diagrammatic) notation of Interlock and Lacoste	
	fabrics.	
	Non Woven and Special Fabrics	
	Non-Woven fabrics – definition - uses - classification of Non Woven	
	Fabrics. Web Formation Techniques - Staple Fibre Webs - Wet laid	
	webs, Dry laid webs, Parallel, Cross and Random laid webs –	
V	Continuous Filament webs – Spun laid webs and Melt blown webs. Non	15
	Woven Fabric Formations Techniques – Adhesive bonding, Thermal	
	Bonding, Needle punching and bonding of spun laid webs. Definition of	
	Intelligent fabric, Smart fabric, Lace fabrics and Braided fabrics.Notes on	
	Medical Textiles, Agricultural Textiles and Geo Textiles.	

Text books:

Title	Author	Publisher	Year	
Principles of weaving	R Marks	The Textile Institute,	1976	
1 Intolpies of weaving	ATC Robinson	Manchester, UK	1570	
The Motivate Series	Andrea Wynne	MacMillan Education Ltd,	1997	
The Motivate defices	Andrea Wynne	London and Basingstoke.	1557	
Cotton Yarn Weaving	Kanungo R.N	Textile Association India,	1980	
Conton run wodwing	Transingo Tr.iv	Ahmedabad	1000	
Weaving machines,	M K Talukdar	Mahajan Publications Pvt		
Mechanisms & Management	P K Sriramulu	Ltd, Ahmadabad-9	1998	
Wiediamenie a Managemeni	D.B Ajgaonkar	Eta, 7 il il ladabada 0		
Modern Weaving Technology	J K Arora	Abhisek Publications,	2008	
Wiedelii Wedwing Teelinelegy	o R / Word	Chandigarh- 17	2000	
Principles of Knitting	D B Ajgaonkar	Universal Publishing	1988	
1 imorpies of runtung	D D / Igaorikai	Corporation	1300	

Reference books:

Warp Knitting	D G B Thomas	Merro Pub. Co. ISA Buld. UK	1976
Textile Fibre to Fabric	Bernard P. Corbman	McGraw –Hill Book co.,Singapore.	1983
Yarns and Technical Textiles	K.P.Chellamani	SITRA, Coimbatore	1999
High speed Weaving	Jeyachandran.K	P.S.G.Tech,Coimbatore	1990

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions		E VAE - 75 Marka
(Either A or B)		5 X15 = 75 Marks
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

➤ Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Subject: Technology of Fabric Manufacture (4061420)

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. What is splicing?
- 2. Mention the weft insertion technique in Air-jet loom.
- 3. Define Gauge.
- 4. Define Draft.
- 5. What is smart textile?

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 = 20)

- 6. What is the object of winding?
- 7. What are the features of autoconer winding machine?
- 8. Compare knot and splice.
- 9. What is denting?
- 10. Mention the types of motions in plain loom.
- 11. What is feature of automatic shuttle loom?
- 12. Classify the knitting machine.
- 13. What is the purpose of sinker?
- 14. Mention the types of selvedge defects in woven fabric.
- 15. What are the end uses of satin fabric?
- 16. What is tuck stitch?
- 17. Draw the needle notion of interlock fabric.
- 18. What you mean by medical textile?
- 19. What is non-woven fabric?
- 20. Classify the non-woven fabric.

PART C

Ans	wer	all t	the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question (5 x 15 =	75)
21	Α	(i)	Explain the passage of material in Autoconer winding machine.	8
		(ii)	Explain in detail about the electronic yarn clearer. (OR)	7
	В	(i)	Explain the passage of material in warping machine.	8
		(ii)	Explain the sequence of process involved in weaving preparatory.	7
22	Α	(i)	Explain in detail about the loom primary motion.	8
		(ii)	Explain the passage of material in plain loom.	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain in detail about the classification of shuttle-less loom.	8
		(ii)	Explain the warp way defects in woven fabric.	7
23	Α	(i)	Explain the knitting cycle of latch needle in plain knitting.	8
		(ii)	Explain the types of cams.	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain the types of knitting needles.	8
		(ii)	Explain the defects in knitted fabric.	7
24	Α	(i)	Draw the design, draft and peg plan for plain and matt weave.	8
		(ii)	Draw the Graphical and Needle notation of plain and purl fabric. (OR)	7
	В	(i)	Draw the design, draft and peg plan for satin and sateen weave.	8
		(ii)	Draw the Graphical and Needle notation of rib and Lacoste fabric.	7
25	Α	(i)	Explain the uses of non-woven fabrics.	8
		(ii)	Explain about the fabric formation techniques in non-woven.	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain about the web formation techniques in non-woven.	8
		(ii)	Write notes on Geo textiles & Agricultural textile.	7



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

DYEING OF MANMADE FIBRES AND BLENDS

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061430

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : DYEING OF MANMADE FIBRES AND BLENDS

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16

Subject Title	Instr	uctions		Examination		
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Duration	
DYEING OF MANAMADE	5 Hrs	80Hrs	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
FIBRES AND BLENDS	51115	001113	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours:

Unit	Topic	Time (hrs.)	
1	PRETREATMENTS OF SYNTHETICS AND BLENDS	15	
2	DYEING OF POLYESTER	14	
3	DYEING OF NYLON AND ACRYLICS	15	
4	DYEING OF BLENDS	15	
5	5 DYEING MACHINES		
	TEST & REVISION 07		
	75		

RATIONALE:

This subject covers the pre-treatment and dyeing of synthetic fibres such as Polyester, Nylon and acrylic and blended with natural fibres such as cotton and wool. It helps the students to acquire enough knowledge in this field and the same will help them to work in manmade fibres and blends processing mill. Since today, man-made fibres and blends are mostly used as dress materials as well as industrial purposes.

OBJECTIVES:

- To know how pre-treatment is carried out for synthetics and blends.
- To know about the importance of heat setting of various synthetic fibres
- To know how disperse dyes is applied on polyester material.
- To know how nylon is dyed with acid dyes.
- ❖ To know how the acrylic fibre is dyed using cationic dyes.
- ❖ To have an idea of dyeing of synthetics and blends
- To know about the working of various dyeing machines
- ❖ To know about the garment dyeing and its accessories dyeing machines.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

4061430- Dyeing of Man Made Fibres and Blends

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
	PRE-TREATMENTS OF SYNTHETICS AND BLENDS	
	Pre-treatments for 100% Polyester – scouring, heat setting,	
	singeing, bleaching. 100% Nylon – scouring, heat setting,	
	bleaching. 100% Acrylic – scouring, bleaching. Pre-treatments for	4=
1	blends - Polyester / Cotton - desizing, scouring, singeing,	15
	mercerizing, heat setting and bleaching. Pre-treatments for	
	Polyester / Wool - removal of heavy oil stains, presetting, scouring,	
	heat setting, brushing, cropping and singeing.	
	DYEING OF POLYESTER	
	Disperse dyes – classification, properties, Mechanism of dyeing.	
	Carriers - characteristics and function. Function of dispersing	
2	agents, leveling agents, antifoaming agents, redox buffer.	14
	Definition of Tg - Effect of Tg on dyeing of Polyester. Methods of	
	Polyester dyeing - Carrier dyeing, HTHP dyeing, Thermosol	
	dyeing. Various problems involved during dyeing and remedies.	
	DYEING OF NYLON AND ACRYLICS	
	Dyeing of Nylon with acid dyes, Acid metal complex dyes and	
	Disperse dyes. Acrylic dyeing - Function of retarders, Fibre	
3	saturation value, Combination value, Dye saturation factor.Effect of	15
	Tg on acrylic dyeing. Mechanism of dyeing of acrylics with cationic	
	dyes. Dyeing of acrylic with cationic dyes and disperse dyes.	
	DYEING OF BLENDS	
	Dyeing of Polyester / Cotton blends by single bath and two bath	
	methods using Disperse and Reactive dyes. Dyeing of Polyester /	
4	Wool blends by two bath method with Disperse / Acid dyes. Dyeing	15
	of Nylon / Cotton blends with Acid / Vat dyes. Dyeing of Acrylic /	
	Cotton blends with Cationic / Reactive dyes. Dyeing of Acrylic /	
	Wool blends with Cationic / Acid dyes.	
	DYEING MACHINES	
5	Fibre dyeing machine – Rotary dyeing machine. Yarn dyeing	14

machine - Cheese dyeing machine. Woven fabric dyeing machine - Jet, Beam dyeing machine. Knitted fabric dyeing machines - Air flow. Continuous dyeing machine - Padding mangle. Other dyeing machines - Garment dyeing machine, Button and Zip Dyeing machines.

TEXT BOOKS:

S. No	Title	Author	Publisher	Year of Publishing
1	Technology of Textile Processing, Technology of Dyeing Ed. 3	Shenai V.A	Sevak Publication, Bombay	1982
2	Chemical processing of Synthetic Fibres and blends	Datye K.V and Vaidhay A.A	John Wiley and Sons, New York.	1982

REFERENCE BOOKS

S. No	Title	Author	Publisher	Year of Publishing
1	Dyeing and Chemical Technology of Textile Fibres	Trotman E.R	Charles Griffin Co Ltd, 42, Dhury Lane, London, WC	1981
2	Technology of Bleaching and Dyeing of Textile Fibres, Vol.1, Part 2	Chakravarthy RR	Mahajan Book Distributors, Ahmadabad	1982
3	Processing of Manmade Fibres	Usenko V	MIR Publishers, Moscow	1975
4	The Theory and practice of wool dyeing	Bird CL	Society of Dyers and Colourists, England	1972
5	Orientation Programme in Chemical Processing for Senior Executives	Achwal, Dixit Joshi and Teli	Textile Association (India), Bombay	1991
6	Maintenance in chemical processing	Gokhle SV and Dhingra A.K	Department of Industry 's Textile Mills, Ahmadabad Textile Research Association,PO Polytechnic, Ahmadabad	1984

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

- PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions		5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)		5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

4061430- Dyeing of Man Made Fibres and Blends

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

Part - A

 $05 \times 01 = 05$

Answer all the questions.

- 1. What are the pretreatments for 100% PET?
- 2. Define disperse dyes
- 3. What do you mean by cationic dyes?
- 4. What is the object of blend dyeing?
- 5. What are the problems in cheese dyeing machine?

Part – B $10 \times 02 = 20$

Answer any 10 questions.

- 6. Define heat setting?
- 7. What are the pretreatments for 100% Nylon?
- 8. What are the pretreatments for 100% Acrylic?
- 9. State the properties of disperse dyes.
- 10. Write the classification of disperse dye?
- 11. State the function of dispersing agent.
- 12. Write the properties of cationic dyes?
- 13. Write the properties of acid dyes?
- 14. Write the effects of temperature on the dyeing of acrylic fibre?
- 15. Give the importance of dye selection for dyeing of blends?
- 16. What are the difference methods of P/C blend dyeing?
- 17. What are the advantages of blend dyeing?
- 18. What are the advantages of jet dyeing machine?
- 19. What are the advantages of air flow dyeing machine?
- 20. What are the advantages of button dyeing machine?

PART C (5 x 15 = 75)

Answer all the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question

21	A	i) Explain pretreatments for Polyester/Cotton blends.ii) Write a brief note about the 100 % polyester Pretreatment.(OR)	7 8
	В	i) Explain pretreatments for Polyester/Wool blends.	7
		ii) Explain about the 100 % nylon Pretreatment.	8
22	Α	 i) Explain in detail the dyeing of PET with disperse dyes by carrier method 	7
		ii) Write the mechanism of dyeing of polyester.	8
	_	(OR)	_
	В	i)How will you dye the PET material with disperse dyes by using HTHP Method?	7
		ii)Explain the process of dyeing of PET with disperse dyes by thermo soling with neat diagram.	8
23	Α	i) Explain the process of dyeing nylon with acid dyes.	7
		ii)How do you apply the disperse dyes on nylon material by using	
		exhaust method?	8
		(OR)	
	В	i) Explain the acrylic fibre is dyed using cationic dyes.	7
		ii)Explain the application of acid disperse dyes on acrylic fibres.	8
25	Α	 i) Explain in detail the dyeing of P/C blends by two bath methods using disperse and reactive dyes. 	7
		ii) Explain the Dyeing procedure for Nylon / Cotton blends with Acid /	8
		Vat dyes using exhaust method.	
		(OR)	
	В	 i) Explain the process of dyeing of Acrylic /Wool blends with cationic and acid dyes. 	7
		ii) Explain the application procedure for Dyeing of Acrylic / Cotton	
		blends with Cationic / Reactive dyes.	8
26	Α	i)Explain with neat sketch the working of Jet dyeing machine.	7
		ii) Explain the working of beam dyeing machine with a neat sketch. (OR)	8
	В	i) Explain with neat sketch the working of Airflow dyeing machine.	7
		ii)Explain the working of garment dyeing machine with a neat sketch	8



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH II YEAR

N - SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE FINISHING

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061440

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE FINISHING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours/ week		Marks			
TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE	5 80	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration	
FINISHING			25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

SI.No.	Topic	Time(Hrs)
1	INTRODUCTION	14
2	RESIN FINISHING & ECOFRIENDLY CREASE RECOVERY FINISHES	15
3	FUNCTIONAL FINISHES	15
4	FINISHING OF PROTEIN, SYNTHETIC FIBRES AND BLENDS	15
5	MECHANICAL FINISHES	14
	TEST & REVISION	07
	80	

RATIONALE:

Physical and chemical finishing processes help to improve the feel, aesthetic appeal, handle and functional property of the textile material. Every textile material needs to be given one or more finishes. A detailed study about various finishes is absolutely necessary for a processing technician.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To know about the comfort aspects of fabrics during wearing.
- 2. To know the purpose of giving finishes to the fabrics.
- 3. To gather knowledge of the application of auxiliaries according to the end use of the fabric.
- 4. To have knowledge on finish recipe formation.
- 5. To select the type of finishing with respect to our end use requirement.
- 6. To find out the change in physical properties of the fabric by finishing.

DETAILED SYLLABUS 4061440- TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE FINISHING CONTENTS

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
	INTRODUCTION	
	Objectives of Finishing - Classification of finishing - chemical	
	and mechanical -Types of finishes- durable, semi durable &	
ı	non durable finishes - softeners-properties, merits & demerits	
	of anionic, cationic, non - ionic & reactive softeners Brief	14
	study on types of starches for temporary stiff finish; permanent	
	stiff finish – Buckram finish	
	RESIN FINISHING	
	Objectives of resin finishing-types of resins(deposition & cross	
	linking type) - N methyl resin structure of DMDHEU - Resin	
II	finishing process for 100% cotton; merits and demerits of resin	15
	finishing - Eco friendly crease recovery finish with poly	
	carboxylic acid - durable press finish recipe and process for	
	garments.	
	FUNCTIONAL FINISHES	
	Properties of poly ethylene emulsion and silicone emulsion in	
	textile finishing. Difference between water proof and water	
	repellent finish - Determination of efficiency of water proof	
	finished fabric. Application of soil release finish, Moisture	
III	management, water repellent finish, Meaning of Limiting	15
	Oxygen Index, flame retardant finish, Determination of	
	efficiency of flame retardant finished fabric. anti microbial	
	finish, rot and mildew proof finish, UV protection finish and	
	fragrance finish on cotton material – Peach finish . Biopolishing	
	on cotton.	
	FINISHING OF PROTEIN, SYNTHETIC FIBRES AND	
	BLENDS	
IV	Objectives of milling, crabbing and decatising – Anti felting	15
	process (chlorination) for wool - Carbonizing of wool - Moth	
	proof finish for wool blends - weighting of silk - scroopy finish,	

	carbonizing of P/C blend - Weight reduction of polyester -	
	pilling and its control – antistatic finish, Delustering of rayon	
	PHYSICAL FINISHES	
	Importance of damping – principle of pre shrinking - sanforising	
	machine for pre shrinking - Determination of efficiency of	
V	sanforized fabric. objective of Calendering – Description of 7	14
	bowl Calendering -Brief idea on dimensional stability- stenter	
	and compacting – Relax dryer and Continous Tumble dryer –	
	Brief study on foam finishing, sueding and raising.	

TEXT BOOKS:

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of
Author	ritte	Publisher	Publication
Schindler W D and	Chemical Finishing of	Wood head	2004
Hauser P J	Textiles	Publishing Limited	
Marsh J.T	Textile finishing	B.I. Publications,	1982
		New Delhi	
Shenai.V.A	Technology of Textile	Sevak Publications,	1987
	Processing Vol.10	Wadala, Mumbai-	
	Technology of finishing		

REFERENCE BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of Publication
Hall A.J.	Textile finishing	Life Books Ltd., London	1982
Harrison	Textile finishing	Textile Institute, Manchester	1978
Patel M.B.	Textile Wet Processing Machinery - Part I Bleaching, finishing and mercerizing machines	S.N.Patel, Baroda	1982

Srivatsava. SB Datye K.V. and Vaidya A.A	Recent processes of Textile Bleaching, Dyeing and finishing Chemical Processing of synthetic fibres and blends	SBP Board of Consultant Engineers, Delhi Wiley International Publication, New York	1981 1982
Gokhle SV & Dhingra A.K	Maintenance and chemical processing department of Textile Mill	Ahmadabad Textile Industry Research Association, Ahmadabad	1984

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A Five questions will be asked covering all

units. All questions are to be

answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all

the units. Three questions

from each unit. Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either / Or type.

One question from every

unit. Answer either A or B. Each question

carries 15 marks.

A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A	
Definitions and Statements.	5 X 1= 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5	
PART B	
Short answer type questions	10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20	
PART C	
Descriptive answer type questions	5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)	5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25	
TOTAL	100 Marks *

Note: * Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

4061440- TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE FINISHING

Time: 3 Hrs Max.Marks: 100

Part - A (5 X 1 = 5)

Note: Answer ALL questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. What is the role of wetting agent?
- 2. What is Heat setting?
- 3. What is UV finish
- 4. What is Milling?
- 5. What is Damping?

Part - B (10 X 2 = 20)

Note: Answer any TEN questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 6. What are the types of finish?
- 7. What are the stiffeners are used?
- 8. Write down the properties of reactive softners.
- 9. What do you mean by post cure process?
- 10. Write structure of DMDHEU
- 11. Name the chemicals used for ecofriendly crease recovery finish.
- 12. Distinguish between Water proof and Water repellent
- 13. What is LOI?
- 14. What is Anti Microbial Finish?
- 15. How do you impart Weighting of silk?
- 16. Write a note on Anti Static finish.
- 17. How do you Corbonise wool?
- 18. What is the importance of Compacting?
- 19. Discuss Suede finish
- 20. What is Sanforising?

Note: Answer ALL questions by choosing either A (OR) B

16 A)	I)Classify various finishes for textile goods	(7)
10.71)	II) Explain stiff finish on cotton material	(8)
	(OR)	(0)
D)	, ,	(7)
B)	I) Explain durable Buckram finish	(7)
	II) Explain the types of softeners	(8)
17 A)	I) Explain durable proce finishes on cotton	(7)
17. A)	Explain durable press finishes on cotton Discuss week and week	(7)
	II) Discuss wash and wear	(8)
Ξ,	(OR)	(-)
В)	I) Explain Resin finishing	(7)
	II) Discuss about antishrink finish	(8)
18. A)	I)How water repellency finish is imparted on 100% cotton?	(7)
	II) Explain Bio Polishing and Peach Finish	(8)
	(OR)	
B)	I)How FR finish is imparted on 100% cotton?	(7)
	II) Discuss Soil release finish	(8)
19. A)	I) Explain crabbing	(7)
	II)Explain carbonising of P/C blend	(8)
	(OR)	
B)	I) How delustering of rayon is done?	(7)
	II) Explain weight reduction of polyester	(8)
20. A)	I) Discuss about stenter	(7)
	II) Explain Relax dryer	(8)
	(OR)	-
B)	I) Explain 7 bowl calendaring	(7)
,	II) Explain continous Tumble dryer	(8)
		` '



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH II YEAR

N - SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TEXTILE MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061450

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : TEXTILE MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination				
Subject Title	Hours	Hours	lours Marks			Durati	
Gubject Tille	/Week	/Seme	Internal	Board	Total	on	
	/VVCCK	-ster	Assessment	Examination	IOlai	On	
TEXTILE							
MANUFACTURING		64	05	400*	400	2 11	
TECHNOLOGY -	4	64	25	100*	100	3 Hrs	
PRACTICAL							

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

This practical is helpful for the students to analyse the different types of fabric structures both in woven and knitted fabric. They also learn the various quality parameters of the fabric.

OBJECTIVES

To analysis Woven Fabric for the following design

Plain, 4/4 Mat, Twill, Pointed Twill, Herringbone, Satin, Sateen, Honey Comb and Hucka-back and Terry.

To analysis Knitted Fabric for the following design

Single Jersey, Rib and Interlock.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe / Design : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Content: Practical

Name of the Topics:

1. Woven Cloth Ananlysis

2. Knitted Cloth Analysis

Textile Manufacturing Process Practical

List of Experiments and Specific Questions

- 1. Analyse the given cloth- Plain
- 2. Analyse the given cloth 4/4 Mat
- 3. Analyse the given cloth Twill
- 4. Analyse the given cloth Pointed Twill
- 5. Analyse the given cloth Satin
- 6. Analyse the given cloth Sateen
- 7. Analyse g the given cloth Honey Comb
- 8. Analyse the given cloth Huck-a-back
- 9. Analyse the given cloth Terry
- 10. Analyse the given cloth Single Jersey
- 11. Analyse the given cloth Rib
- 12. Analyse the given cloth Interlock

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS / CONSUMABLES FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

1. Cloth samples for basic weaving and knitting structure analysis



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

II YEAR

N - SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

DYEING OF MANMADE FIBRES AND BLENDS PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061460

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : DYEING OF MAN MADE FIBRES & BLENDS – PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

0.1:	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	/ er Marks		Durat	
DYEING OF MAN MADE			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	ion
FIBRES & BLENDS PRACTICAL	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

It helps the students to study the actual conditions and different methods of dyeing of manmade fibres and blends. Students are able to acquire more practical knowledge in dyeing of manmade fibres and blends. They are also to be practiced in sample dyeing machines, which help them to know the difficulties and problems in the dyeing of synthetic fibres and blends. It will be easier for them to work in the industries.

GUIDELINES:

- ❖ All the Twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the board practical examination.
- ❖ In order to gain in depth practical knowledge, every student should individually carry out the experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while examining a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. Dyeing of Polyester, Nylon and Acrylic materials with various dye stuffs

To study the dyeing procedure for polyester, nylon, viscose, tencel and acrylic materials using their suitable dye stuffs.

2. Dyeing of synthetic blends

To study the dyeing procedure for synthetic blends such as Polyester / Cotton, Polyester / Wool, and Acrylic / Wool using selected dye stuffs.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Dye the Polyester with Disperse dyes by HTHP method.
- 2. Dye the Nylon with Acid dyes.
- 3. Dye the Nylon with Disperse dyes
- 4. Dye the Acrylic with Cationic dyes
- 5. Dye the Acrylic with Disperse dyes.
- 6. Dye the Polyester / Cotton blends with Disperse / Reactive dyes by single bath process
- 7. Dye the Polyester / Cotton blends with Disperse / Reactive dyes by two bath process.
- 8. Dye the Polyester / Viscose blends with Disperse / Reactive dyes by single bath process.
- Dye the Polyester / Viscose blends with Disperse / Reactive dyes by two bath process.
- 10. Dye the 100% Tencel Fabric using reactive dye.
- 11. Dye the Polyester / Wool blends with Disperse / Acid dyes.
- 12. Dye the Acrylic/ Wool blends with Cationic / Acid dyes.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND THE QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

List of Equipments:

1. Dye bath with 6 pots − 5 Nos

2. Heater - 2 nos

3. HTHP dyeing m/c - 1 nos

Materials and the quantity required (for a batch of 30 students)

- 1. Bleached Polyester material 3 mts
- 2. Bleached Nylon material 3 mts.
- 3. Bleached Acrylic material 3 mts
- 4. Bleached Tencel material 2mts
- 5. Bleached P/C, P/W, N/C, A/C and A/W material -3 mts of each blend

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH II YEAR

N - SCHEME

IV SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE FINISHING PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061470

Semester : IV Semester

Subject Title : TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE FINISHING PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours	Hours	Marks			Durati
	/Week	/Semester	Internal	Board	Total	on
	/ WEEK	/Semester	Assessment	Examination	lotai	
TECHNOLOGY						
OF TEXTILE	4 1155	CALLes	25	400*	400	2 11-2
FINISHING -	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs
PRACTICAL						

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Every textile material needs to be given one or more finishes. A practical course work study about various finishes is absolutely necessary for a processing student to gain technical insight into various physical and chemical finishing processes

GUIDELINES

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the board practical examination.
- ❖ In order to gain in depth practical knowledge, every student should individually carry out the experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while examining a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. FINISHING OF COTTON BY USING STARCH, SOFTENER AND RESIN

To impart stiff finish in cotton fabric using starch and PVA

To impart soft finish in cotton fabric using softener

To impart the crease recovery behavior in cotton fabric by treatment with resin

2. BACK FILLING DURABLE PRESS FINISH ON THE FABRIC COTTON

To give back filling of the cotton fabric using a suitable recipe.

To impart the durable press finish on the cotton fabric sample using resins

3. APPLICATION OF WATER REPELLENT FINISH AND FLAME RETARDANT FINISH TO THE GIVEN FABRIC SAMPLE

To give water repellent finish to cotton using water repellent chemicals.

To give flame retardant finish to cotton using flame retardant chemicals.

4. ESTIMATION OF WARP WISE / WEFT WISE SHRINKAGE OF THE GIVEN FABRIC

To estimate the warp wise / weft wise shrinkage of the given fabric.

5. IMPARTING SCROOPY FINISH AND WEIGHTING OF SILK

To impart scroopy finish in silk.

To increase the weight of the silk.

6. CARBONIZING OF P/C BLEND

To dissolve the cotton portions from the P/C blend by using 70% H2SO4.

7. BIO POLISHING

To give Bio polish on the cotton fabric by using enzymes.

8. FRAGRANCE FINISH ON THE GIVEN MATERIAL

To give fragrance finish on the given material.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Finish the given cotton fabric using 2% starch.
- 2. Finish the given fabric using PVA.
- 3. Finish the given cotton fabric using 2% softener.
- 4. Finish the cotton fabric using the given resin.
- 5. Impart Durable press finish on the cotton fabric sample using resins.
- 6. Apply water repellent finish to the given fabric sample.
- 7. Apply Flame retardant finish to the given fabric sample.
- 8. Impart Scroopy finish for silk.
- 9. Carry out the Weighting of silk.
- 10. Carbonize of P/C blend.
- 11. Bio polish the fabric using enzymes.
- 12. Apply Fragrance finish on the given material.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND THE QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Materials required: (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Grey silk fabric.
- 2. P/C blended fabric.
- 3. Full bleached cotton fabric

Equipments required: (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Laboratory Padding mangle.-1
- 2. Drying and curing oven with the temperature control.-1

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out

V SEMESTER



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TEXTILE TESTING

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4060510

Semester : V

Subject Title : TEXTILE TESTING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of Weeks per Semester: 16 Weeks

	Instruction		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/	Marks			Duration
		Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	Duration
Textile Testing	5	80	25	100*	100	3 Hours

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

UNIT	Topic	Hours
I	MOISTURE AND ITS RELATIONS IN TEXTILES	14
II	FIBRE TESTING	15
III	YARN TESTING	15
IV	FABRIC TESTING	14
V	STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL	15
	TEST & MODEL EXAM	7
	TOTAL	80

RATIONALE:

This subject deals about moisture and its relations in textiles, fibre testing, yarn testing, fabric testing and stastical quality control. After studying this subject, student will be able to understand the principles & working of testing instruments.

OBJECTIVES

- To know the relationship of moisture with textile and related terms & definitions.
- > To understand the principle and the methods of determining the moisture in the atmosphere and the textile materials.
- ➤ To know the properties and their importance of fibre this is the raw material for all the textile goods.
- To understand the principles and the methods of testing the fibres to determine their basic characteristics.
- To know the properties and the importance of the yarn.
- To understand the principles and the methods of testing the yarn to determine its properties
- > To know the quality characteristics of the fabric required for different end uses.
- To study the principles and the methods of testing the fabric to determine their quality characteristics.
- To study the statistical methods involved in controlling the quality of the textile products during their manufacture
- To learn about the application of the statistical methods to suit textile processes.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

4060510- TEXTILE TESTING

Content : Theory

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours
1	MOISTURE AND ITS RELATIONS IN TEXTILES	
	Humidity and its importance in Textiles - Definitions of Absolute	
	Humidity, Relative Humidity, Standard Testing atmospheric condition,	
	Measurement of Humidity - Wet and dry bulb Hygrometer, Definition of	
	Moisture content, Moisture regain - Estimation of moisture content and	14
	regain using Conditioning oven and Shirley Moisture meter, Standard	
	regain - Definition - standard regain values of cotton, viscose, silk, wool,	
	nylon,polyester, Tencel, Linen and Bamboo - Effect of moisture regain on	
	fibre properties. Factors affecting moisture regain.	
2	FIBRE TESTING	
	Length - Importance of fibre length - Definition of effective length and	
	span length - Methods of measuring fibre length by Digital Fibro graph.	
	Fibre fineness - Importance of fibre fineness - Methods of measuring fibre	
	fineness by Sheffield micronaire instrument. Fibre maturity – Importance,	
	measurement of fibre maturity by sodium hydroxide swelling method -	15
	Maturity ratio and Maturity coefficient. Fibre strength - Importance and	
	method of measuring fibre strength by Stelometer . Estimation of trash	
	content by Shirley Trash Analyser.	
	Fibre Quality Index - Principles of measurement of Fibre properties in	
	High volume instrument, Brief Idea about Advanced Fibre Information	
	System (AFIS)	
3	YARN TESTING	
	Yarn count - Determination of yarn count by Auto sorter and Beesley	
	balance - Importance of CSP and RKM - Importance of Twist - Estimation	
	of yarn twist by Electronic Twist Tester - single yarn, doubled yarn.	15
	Importance of yarn strength - Principle of working of yarn strength testers	
	- CRE,CRL and CRT - Working of single yarn strength tester of pendulum	
	lever type, lea strength tester and principle of Instron tester. Yarn	

	irregularities – thick, thin, slub, nep - Methods of Assessing yarn evenness	
	by yarn -appearance board and Uster Evenness Tester 4 - Brief study of	
	Uster classimate, Yarn Hariness Index – Definition. Comparision between	
	Online and Offline Testing of Yarn.	
4	FABRIC TESTING	
	Crimp-Definition, Importance – Shirley crimp tester. Study of Shirley	
	stiffness tester and Shirley crease recovery tester. Definition of fabric	
	handle, serviceability, abrasion, pilling and drape. Importance of fabric	14
	tensile strength, tearing strength and bursting strength. Study of fabric	
	tensile strength tester. Definition of Fabric Air Permeability and Fabric Air	
	Resistance, Kawabata – Objective measurement of Subjective Properties.	
5	STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL	
	Classification and Tabulation of Data - Frequency Diagram - Histogram	
	and frequency polygon. Measures of Central tendency - Mean, Median,	
	Mode. Simple Calculation of Mean, Median, Mode. Measures of	
	dispersion - Mean Deviation, Percent Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation	15
	and Co-efficient of variation. Simple calculation of MD,PMD,SD & CV.	
	Normal distribution curve, Variance Length Curve and its properties.	
	Quality Control Chart - Definition, use, Construction of control chart for	
	Averages and Ranges, Six Sigma Concept.	
L	1	l

REFERNCE BOOKS:

S. No	Title	Authors	Publisher	Year
1	Hand Book of Textile Testing and quality Control	E.B.Groover and D.S.Hamby	Mohinder Singh Sejwal (for Wiley Eastern Ltd New Delhi,India	1960
2	Hand Book of Methods of Test for Cotton Fibers Yarn and Fabrics	V.Sundaram and R.L.N.Iyengar	CTRL.,Mumbai	1988
3	ISI Hand book of Textile Testing		Indian Standard Institution, New Delhi, India	1982
4	Principles of Textile Testing	J.E.BOOTH	Butterworth Scientific London	1996
5	The Characteristics of Raw Cotton Vol II Part-I in the series manual of Cotton Spining	E.Lord	The Textile Institute and Butterworth, England	1961
6	Methods of Test for Textiles – B.S.Hand book No.11,	B.S.I	British Standards Institution,London, England	1963
7	Method of Test for Textiles BS Hand book NO 11,	B.S.I	British Standards Institution,London, England	1963

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks.A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Definitions and Statements.		
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Short answer type questions		
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		5 X15 = 75 Marks
Descriptive answer type questions		
(Either A or B)		
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

4060510- TEXTILE TESTING

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Define: Humidity.
- 2. Define: Span length
- 3. What is RKM?
- 4. What is pilling?
- 5. Define: Mode.

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 = 20)

- 6. Define the term relative humidity.
- 7. Give the moisture regain value for cotton, silk, wool and linen.
- 8. State the effect of moisture regain on fiber properties.
- 9. What is Fiber Quality Index?
- 10. Write the importance of fibre fineness.
- 11. What is maturity co-efficient?
- 12. Define Yarn Hariness Index.
- 13. Define: English Count.
- 14. Write a short note on Uster Classimate.
- 15. Define the term Air permeability.
- 16. Write the importance of Crimp.
- 17. Define the term drape.
- 18. Define: Percentage Mean Deviation.
- 19. What is Six Sigma Concept?
- 20. What is tabulation of data?

PART C

Answer all the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question $(5 \times 15 = 75)$ 21 How do you measure the relative humidity using Wet and Dry bulb 8 (i) hygrometer?

(ii) Explain estimation of moisture content and regain using conditioning 7 oven

(OR)

- В Explain the factors affecting moisture regain 8 (i) 7
 - (ii) With a sketch explain the Shirley Moisture Meter
- 22 8 Explain the method of measuring fibre length using Digital Fibro Graph (i) Explain measurement of fibre maturity by sodium hydroxide swelling 7 (ii)

(OR)

- Explain the estimation of trash content by Shirley Trash Analyser 8 В (i)
 - Explain the method of measuring fibre fineness by Sheffield micronaire 7 instrument
- 23 Explain the estimation of single yarn twist by electronic twist tester 8 Α (i)
 - (ii) Explain the working of single yarn strength tester 7 (OR)
 - В (i) Explain the method of measuring yarn evenness by Uster Evenness 8 Tester 4
 - 7 Compare between Online and Offline Testing of yarn
- 24 Α (i) Explain the procedure for measuring fabric Crimp by using Shirley 8 Crimp Tester
 - Write the importance of fabric tensile strength, tearing strength and 7 busting strength

(OR)

- Explain the procedure for measuring fabric stiffness by using Shirley В (i) 8 Stiffness Tester
 - (ii) Explain the procedure for objective measurement of subjective

method

7

properties in Kawabata

25	Α	(i)	Calculate mean, median, standard deviation and co-efficient of	8
			variation percentage for the following data:	
			30.5, 30.4, 31.2, 30.8, 30.1, 32.8, 30.5, 31.1, 30.3, 30.4.	
		(ii)	Write the steps for constructing the control charts for mean and range	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain the Histogram and Frequency Polygon	8
		(ii)	Explain normal distribution curve and also give its properties	7



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE PRINTING

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061520

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE PRINTING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16

Subject Title	Instr	uctions	Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks		Durat	
TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE	5	80	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	ion
PRINTING			25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topic	Time (hrs.)
1	INTRODUCTION TO TEXTILE PRINTING	14
2	DIRECT STYLE OF PRINTING	14
3	DISCHARGE & RESIST STYLES OF PRINTING	15
4	ADVANCED TEXTILE PRINTING	15
5	PRINTING MACHINES AND QUALITY TEST	15
	07	
	80	

RATIONALE

After the preparation of textile materials, it is to be sent for printing. Technology of textile printing covers the second main division of Textile Processing Industries. It contains the direct style of printing, Discharge and resist style of printing involves background colour application, print paste recipe formulation for colour and white, fixation and washing treatments. Also it includes advanced textile printing and printing machines, this enable the students to acquire adequate knowledge in printing subjects to suit them in a better position in the printing industries.

OBJECTIVES

- ❖ To learn the principles of printing, basics like repeat, use of squeegees, screen mesh number, colour consumption idea etc.,
- ❖ To know the various ingredients of printing paste, their role, types of thickeners and uses.
- To understand methods and styles of printing
- ❖ To learn in a detailed manner about various direct styles of printing, after processes machineries and washing.
- ❖ To learn the principles of discharge and resist style of printing, mechanisms, comparisons, merits and demerits of each style.
- ❖ To know the popular discharge and resist styles applied for 100% cotton and polyester materials.
- Specific study with reference to hosiery printing, precautions and various fancy styles for garment printing
- ❖ To study the working of transfer printing, table screen printing, garment printing machines, and Digital and ink jet printing systems.
- ❖ To acquire knowledge on rotary and flat screen preparations, working of rotary and flat bed printing machines, printing defects.
- Specific study with reference to Batik, Tie & Dye, IKAT, Kalamkari & Crimping styles.
- ❖ To acquire the knowledge on Quality Test used to assess the printed material.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

4061520- TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE PRINTING

CONTENTS: THEORY

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours	
	INTRODUCTION TO TEXTILE PRINTING		
	Definition of Textile printing - Differences between printing		
	& dyeing - Fabric requirements for printing – Definition of		
	methods of printing (Flat, Rotary). Definition of styles of		
	printing (Direct, Discharge, Resist Style) – Key		
	Terminology in printing – Repeat (Basic design, M/c		
ı	Screen repeat), stepping up pattern, squeegees and its	14	
-	types, mesh number and its importance, bolting cloth,	• • •	
	coverage of design and factors involved in estimation of		
	colour paste consumption. List of printing paste		
	Ingredients – functions with examples - Classification of		
	thickeners - Requirements to be a good thickener - Brief		
	study on thickeners like CMC, Sodium Alginate, Guar		
	gum, gum tragacanth, synthetic thickeners.		
	DIRECT STYLE OF PRINTING		
	Direct style of printing - Definition - Advantages and		
	Disadvantages - Printing with Pigments. Reactive dyes		
	printing by steaming and silicate padding - printing with		
II	Disperse dyes on polyester by HTHP and HT steaming	14	
	methods, Direct style of printing on Nylon and Silk with		
	Acid, Printing of acrylics with cationic dyes - Fixation		
	machines - Working of HTHP ager, loop ager and its latest		
	development - Washing and its importance.		
	DISCHARGE & RESIST STYLES OF PRINTING		
	Discharge style of printing – Definition - Colour and White		
III	Discharge – Brief study on discharging agents - White and	15	
	colour discharge printing styles on cotton. Pigment		
	discharge print on reactive ground - White and colour		
	discharge printing styles on Polyester with Disperse		

IV	ground. Problems associated with Discharge style of printing. Resist printing - Definition - Colour and white resist - Types - Mechanical resisting - Batik and Tie &Dye - Chemical resist - Pigment resist on reactive ground. ADVANCED TEXTILE PRINTING Various forms of Hosiery Printing - Tubular printing - problems, precautions and advantages, slit open printing - gumming, cutting m/c, advantages. Fancy styles - Khadi (White and Colour) printing, Plastisols Inks, Glitter Metallic prints (Gold and Silver), Flock printing by Electro Static method, High density printing, Puff and suede print, Fluorescent and Foil print, Fragrance Print, Thermochromic Print. Transfer printing - Principles of Sublimation, Advantages & Limitations. Working of Garment Printing m/c. Digital Printing Machine - Types,	15
V	PRINTING MACHINES Screen preparation for flat bed and rotary screen printing machines – working of fully automatic flat bed printing machine. Working of Rotary printing m/c. Comparison of Rotary and flat bed printing machines. Table screen printing - limitations and advantages. Brief study on special printing styles like IKAT printing, Kalamkari printing, Burnt out styles, Crimp and Crepon style. Various printing defects. Print Durability – Appearance test for printed material.	15

TEXT BOOKS:

S. No	Title	Author	Publisher	Year of Publishing
1	Technology of Textile Printing	Prayag. R. S.	Mrs. Prayag 127 Belgium Rd,Dharwad	1986
2	Principles of Cotton printing edition - 2	Kale.D.G	Mahajan Book Depot, Ahmedabad-9	1976
3	Technology of Textile Processing Vol. IV	Shenai.V.A	Sevak Publications, Mumbai	1982
4	Textile Dyeing & Printing	M.K.Khandelwal & M.L.Chauhan	Ritu Publications, Jaipur	2005

REFERENCES:

S. No	Title	Author	Publisher	Year of Publishing
1	Manual of Tex. Printing	Storey	Thomson Hudson Ltd, London	1979
2	Digital Printing of Textiles	H.Ujiie	Wood head Publishing Ltd., England	2004
3	Printing-Gaps	J.V.Rao	NITRA, New Delhi	2006
4	Textile Printing	Miles. LWC	SDC Perkin House, England	1981
5	Chemical Processing of Synthetic Fibres and Blends	Datye. K.V.& Vaidya	John Wiley & Sons Publications, New York	1984
6	Dyeing & Printing	Cockett. S.R	Sir. Issac Pitman & Sons Canada Ltd, Toronto	1964
7	ICI Manual for printing		ICI publication	
8	An introduction to Textile printing	W. Clarke	Wood head Publishing Ltd., England	1964

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A Five questions will be asked covering all

units. All questions are to be

answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all

the units. Three questions

from each unit. Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either / Or type.

One question from every

unit. Answer either A or B. Each question

carries 15 marks.

A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		
Definitions and Statements.	5 X 1= 5 Marks	
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		
Short answer type questions	10 X 2 = 20 Marks	
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		
Descriptive answer type questions	5 X15 = 75 Marks	
(Either A or B)		
Question number 21 to 25		
TOTAL	100 Marks *	

Note: * Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

4061520- TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE PRINTING

Time: 3 Hrs Max.Marks: 100

Part - A (5 X 1 = 5)

Note: Answer ALL questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Define methods of print give one example
- 2. State the advantages of loop ager .
- 3. What is Discharge style of printing?
- 4. What is thermochromic print?
- 5. Write any two printing defects.

Part - B (10 X 2 = 20)

Note: Answer any TEN questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 6. Give the recipe for kerosene emulsion paste and mention its advantages.
- 7. Define mesh number and mention its importance
- 8. Mention the important fabric requirements for printing
- 9. State the advantages and disadvantages of direct style of printing
- 10. Briefly explain the washing and its importance
- 11. State the advantages and disadvantages of reactive printing by steaming method
- 12. Define white and colour resist printing
- 13. Define haloing
- 14. Brief the idea of mechanical resist style of printing mechanism
- 15. Briefly discuss on PVC plastisols printing
- 16. Mention any two problems is metallic print
- 17. State the advantages and limitations of transfer printing
- 18. Discuss the printing process of crimp and crepon style of printing
- 19. State the limitations of flat bed printing machine
- 20. Give the mechanism behind the screen exposing

Part - C

(5 X 15 = 75)

Note: Answer ALL questions by choosing either A (OR) B

21	A. i) Explain the classification of thickeners	(7)
	ii) State the difference between the dyeing and printing	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) State the functions of printing ingredients	(7)
	ii) Give the requirements good printing thickeners	(8)
22	A. i) Explain the direct style of printing using pigment by water base	
	Thickener	(7)
	ii) Explain disperse printing on polyester by HTHP method	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) How reactive dyes are printed by silicate padding method, mention	its
	disadvantages.	(7)
	ii) With a sketch, briefly explain the working of loop ager.	(8)
2	2.A. i) Discuss the printing process of acid resist print on reactive ground	(7)
	ii) List the major problems involved in discharge printing	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Explain batik printing	(7)
	ii) How do you carry out colour discharge printing with vat dyes on rea	active
	ground?	(8)
2	3.A. i) Explain flock printing by electrostatic method.	(7)
	ii) Explain with a sketch the working of garment printing machine	(8)
	OR	
	B. i) Explain the colour khadi printing	(7)
	ii) With a line diagram explain the modern inkjet printing machine	(8)
2	4.A. i) Draw the line diagram of rotary screen printing machine	(7)
	ii) Explain the working principles of rotary screen printing machine	(8)
	OR	
2	5.B. i) Compare rotary and flat bed printing machine .	(7)
	ii) Explain the screen preparation method for rotary screen.	(8)



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

APPAREL MERCHANDISING

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4066531

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : APPAREL MERCHANDISING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instr	uctions	Examination			
Subject Title	Hours Hours Week /Semester			Marks		
			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
4066531 Apparel Merchandising	5	80	25	100*	100	3 Hrs.

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours:

S. No	Topics	Hours	
I	Introduction to Merchandising	15	
II	Merchandise Planning	15	
III	Retail & Visual Merchandising	15	
IV	Garment Costing	14	
V	Marketing Techniques & sales promotion	14	
	Test & Revision		
	Total		

RATIONALE:

Apparel merchandising is the common word prevailing in the Garment Industry. Every export unit is having merchandising wing. The officials in this wing are responsible for the execution of orders right from receiving orders to dispatching of goods. This subject gives an in-depth knowledge on various type of merchandising, the planning, the nature of work of a merchandiser along with the marketing techniques and sale promotion activities.

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the study of V Semester the student will be able to

- Understand the merchandising procedures.
- Learn the functions of merchandiser.
- Understand the retail merchandising procedures.
- Learn the prizing procedures.
- Understand the visual merchandising procedures.
- Learn the trends in visual merchandising.
- Understand the merchandising plan.
- Learn to prepare merchandising calendar and activities.
- Learn the marketing techniques.
- Understand the advertising techniques.
- Learn the sales promotion techniques.

4066531- APPAREL MERCHANDISING DETAILED SYLLABUS

Content: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours	
	INTRODUCTION TO MERCHANDISING		
	Terminology in merchandising - Customer, Consumer, Buyer, Importer,		
	Retailer, Exporter and Trader. Season of export – Spring, Summer,		
	Winter & Autumn. Types of Buyer and buying offices. Merchandising -		
ı	Definition - Process flow of merchandising - Role of merchandiser -	45	
	Skills of Merchandiser. Sampling – Types of samples - Development	15	
	sample, Salesman sample, Approval sample, Preproduction sample,		
	Production sample, Shipment sample. Brief study of Garment export		
	procedure - Specification file - BOM sheet - order confirmation -		
	purchase order – PP Meeting – Compliance.		
	MERCHANDISE PLANNING		
	Merchandising plan - Planning sales goals - Buying plan - Assortment		
	Planning – Open to buy – Purpose of a six months plan, Elements of a		
п	six-month plan – Analysis of previous merchandising plan and	15	
"	developing a new plan - Planning components - Merchandising calendar	15	
	and scheduling.		
	Direct order - Merchant order - CMT order - Vendor and sub-contractor -		
	Requirement of a purchase order - Buyer seller meets.		
	RETAIL & VISUAL MERCHANDISING		
	Introduction to Retail Merchandising - Types of retail merchandising -		
	Department stores - Discounters - Off-price retailers - Outlet source -		
	Close out - Warehouse clubs – Non-store retailing – Mail order		
III	Merchants – E Tailing.	15	
	Definition of Visual Merchandising – Elements of Visual Merchandising -		
	Signage, Marquee, Entries, window display, Lighting & Awnings -		
	Principles of Displays – Responsibility in visual merchandiser – Methods		
	of display – Problems in display.		

	GARMENT COSTING				
	Components of costing - Prime cost - Over heads - Total cost. Garment				
	Costing - Fabric consumption - Sewing thread consumption - CMT				
IV	charges for various styles - Costing of woven garment full Sleeve shirt	14			
	and Trouser– Costing of Knitted garment - T shirt, night gown.				
	Retail pricing – Mark up – Price point – Markdown – Promotional pricing				
	 Deceptive pricing. 				
	MARKETING TECHNIQUES & SALES PROMOTION				
	Marketing – Definition - Principles – Objectives – Strategies - Brief study				
v	of E-marketing. Advertisement Techniques – Broadcast Advertising	14			
\ \	- Radio advertising - Television Advertising - Magazines - Out-of-home				
	advertising - Advertisement effectiveness. Consumer behavior in fashion				
	- Sales promotion approaches & effectiveness - Distribution channels.				

Text Book:

Title	Author	Publisher	Year
	Philip . Kotler		
Marketing Management	Kevin Lane	Prentice Hall	2006
	Keller		
Fashion Marketing &	ManmeetSodhia	Kalyani Publishers	
Merchandising	Mariniootoodilla	Talyani i abilonolo	
Fashion buying &	Tim Jackson &		
Merchandising	David Shaw	Palgrave Master Series	2001
Management	David Silaw		
Apparel Manufacturing	Ruth E. Glock	A Simson & Schuster	1995
Apparer manufacturing	Grace I. Kunz	company, Singapore	1990

Reference:

Title	Author	Publisher	Year
Export management	Balagopal.T.A.S	Himalaya Publishing	1984
Export management	Balagopal. 1 .A.S	House, Bombay.	1904
Inside the fashion		Dorling	
business	Kitty G. Dicerson	Kindesley(India) Pvt	2007
Dusiness		Ltd., New Delhi	
		Dorling	
Fashion Retailing	Ellen Diamond	Kindesley(India) Pvt	2007
		Ltd., New Delhi	
Foundations of	Chunnawala	Himalaya Publishing	
advertising Theory &	Sethia	House, Bombay	1985
Practice	Cettila	Tiouse, Bornbay	
Retail Merchandising	Ernest H Rich	Merrill Publishing	
Trotal Wordinardioling	Linestificion	company	
Fashion Sales Promotion	Pamela	A Simson & Schuster	1985
T ashion dates i fornotion	M.Phillips	company , New Jersy	1303
Fashion Marketing	Mike Easey	Blackwell Publishing	2005
Fashion Marketing	Hines & Bruce	Butter worth -	2006
1 domon manding	Times & Brace	Heinemann	2000
Merchandise Buying and	Donnellecen	Fairchild Publication	1999
Management	John	Inc., NY	1000

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Subject – Apparel Merchandising

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questionsfrom each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have

 Subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weight age.

PART A	
Definitions and Statements.	5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5	
PART B	
Short answer type questions	10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20	
PART C	
Descriptive answer type questions	5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)	5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25	
TOTAL	100 Marks *

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Subject: 4066531- Apparel Merchandising

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Who is customer?
- 2. What you mean by CMT?
- 3. What you mean by signage?
- 4. What is prime cost?
- 5. Define Marketing.

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 = 20)

- 6. Mention the seasons of export.
- 7. Define Merchandiser.
- 8. What you mean by BOM?
- 9. What is merchant order?
- 10. Who is vendor?
- 11. What is direct order?
- 12. What is e-tailing?
- 13. What is departmental store?
- 14. What is the problem in display?
- 15. What are elements of costing?
- 16. What is price point?
- 17. What is markdown?
- 18. What is E-Marketing?
- 19. How will you improve the sales?
- 20. What is the objective of marketing?

PART C

Answer all the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question $(5 \times 15 = 75)$ 21 (i) Explain the process flow of merchandising. 8 7 (ii) Explain about the PP meeting. (OR) Explain the skill required for merchandiser. 8 В (i) (ii) Explain the types of sample. 7 22 Α (i) Explain in detail about the six-month plan. 8 Explain the importance of buyer seller meet. 7 (ii) (OR) В Explain in detail about the Merchandising calendar and scheduling 8 (i) 7 (ii) Explain the analysis of merchandising plan. 23 Α (i) Calculate the garment costing of woven pleated trouser. 8 Explain the different types of pricing. (ii) 7 (OR) В (i) Calculate the garment costing of T-Shirt. 8 Explain the calculation of sewing thread consumption. 7 24 Α (i) Explain the elements of visual merchandising. 8 (ii) Explain the responsibility of visual merchandiser. 7 (OR) Write notes on Warehouse club & Non-store retailing. В (i) 8 (ii) Write notes on Methods of display. 7 25 (i) Explain the principles of marketing. 8 Explain the consumer behaviors in fashion. 7 (ii) (OR) Explain the effectiveness of Advertising. 8 В (i) (ii) Explain the different types of advertising. 7



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

ECO FRIENDLY TEXTILE PROCESSING

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020 - 2021 onwards)

Course : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061532

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : ECO FRIENDLY TEXTILE PROCESSING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instr	uctions		Examin	ation	
Subject Title	Hours/	Hours/	Marks			
	week	Semester			Durati	
ECO –			Internal	Board	Total	on
FRIENDLY	_	00	Assessment	Examination	Total	
TEXTILE	5	80	25	400*	100	Llea
PROCESSING			25	100*	100	Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

S.No	Topic	Time (Hrs)	
1	IMPACT OF TEXTILE PROCESS CHEMICALS ON	14	
'	ECOLOGY	14	
2	ECO STANDARDS	15	
3	ECO TESTING	15	
4	ECOFRIENDLY PROCESSING	15	
5	CLEAN TECHNOLOGY FOR FUTURE	14	
	TEST & REVISION		
	TOTAL	80	

RATIONALE:

Any technology should have the concern for environment. Textile processing involves the usage of lot of harmful chemicals. Alternative processes that use eco-friendly chemicals have to be taught to face the global competition.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To know about the various problems due to pollution
- 2. To have an idea about the need for eco friendly textile processing and banned chemicals.
- 3. To learn about the importance of eco standards.
- To learn about the importance of eco labelling and various labels and ISO 14000
 SA 8000 certification processes.
- 5. To study briefly about the analysis of red listed chemicals.
- 6. To have an idea about the various instruments involved in analysis of eco parameters.
- 7. To know the effects of banned chemicals.
- 8. To learn about the importance of natural dyes.
- 9. To learn about the application of eco-friendly chemicals and enzymes in textile processing.
- 10. To learn the various clean technology options.
- 11. To know the specific advantages and features.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

4061532- ECO FRIENDLY TEXTILE PROCESSING

CONTENTS: THEORY

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
I	IMPACT OF TEXTILE PROCESS CHEMICALS ON ECOLOGY Pollution - definition - Types - Impact of pollution on environment- Pollution capability of chemicals and products used in processing - pollution load at every stages of processing - Pollution associated with various colouration process - Need for eco-friendly processing-Red listed chemicals - Possible sources of contamination of various red listed chemicals- List of banned amines and chemicals.	14
II	ECO STANDARDS Need for Eco standards. European & USA Eco standards. Permissible limits (norms) of chemicals, pH, colour fastness and heavy metals by different eco-standards such as MST, OEKOTEX, CLEANFASHION, STEILMANN & - Eco-labeling and labels - Eco-auditing - Eco-management - ISO 14000 - SA 8000 - Natural Textiles - Organic Cotton - GOTS & organic exchange certification, Brief idea about Higg Index -Problems associated with APEO, NPEO & OPEO	15
III	ECO TESTING Toxic substances used in processing and safe alternatives- Principles and procedures involved in the estimation of pH, pesticides, Residual formaldehyde, carcinogenic dyes, chlorinated phenols, phthalates, organo tin compounds and heavy metals.	15

	ECO FRIENDLY PROCESSING	
	Eco-friendly dyeing of sulphur dyes - Eco friendly pigment printing	
	& discharge Printing. Organic stabilizer - Application of Diazo	
	sensitizer in screen preparation - Application of Eco-friendly	
IV	preservatives - Non PVC, Non Phthalate, Plastizol inks,	15
	Formaldehyde free dye fixing agents. Properties of Enzymes -	
	Application of Enzymes in Desizing, Scouring & Peroxide killing on	
	cotton material, stone wash effect by Bio-polishing, Enzymatic	
	degumming of silk	
	CLEAN TECHNOLOGY FOR FUTURE	
	Clean technology - Brief idea about Natural Dyeing - RF drying,	
	Microwave assisted dyeing, Ultrasonic assisted processing,	
V	Supercritical CO ₂ dyeing, importance of energy & water	14
	conservation - Energy audit - Basics & application scope of Nano	
	technology in textiles - Occupational diseases & safety measures	
	in Wet processing industries.	

TEXT BOOKS:

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of Publication
V.A.Shenai	Azo dyes Facts & Figures	Sevak Publications, Mumbai	1987
V.A.Shenai	Toxicity of dyes and Pigments	Sevak Publications, Mumbai	1987
Prof. M.L.Gulrajani and Deepti Gupta	Natural Dyes	IIT, Delhi	1996

REFERENCE BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of Publication
	Environmental issues - Technology options for Textile Industry	IIT, New Delhi	1998
	Eco-friendly textiles - Challenges to the textile industry	Textiles Committee, Mumbai	
NCUTE (Programme Series)	Eco-friendly textile wet processing	IIT, New Delhi	2001
Prof. A. Richard Horrocks	Eco-Textile 98, Sustainable Development - Proceedings	Wood head Publishing Ltd	1999
A.Wynne	The Motivate - Textiles	Macmillan Education Ltd	
Translated from Chinese	Silk Dyeing and Finishing Handbook	Oxford and IBH publishing Company Private Ltd	
J.W.Weaver	Analytical Methods For a Textile Laboratory	AATCC Publications	

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A Five questions will be asked covering all

units. All questions are to be

answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all

the units. Three questions

from each unit. Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either / Or type.

One question from every

unit. Answer either A or B. Each question

carries 15 marks.

A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A	
Definitions and Statements.	5 X 1= 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5	
PART B	
Short answer type questions	10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20	
PART C	
Descriptive answer type questions	5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)	5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25	
TOTAL	100 Marks *

Note: * Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4061532-ECO FRIENDLY TEXTILE PROCESSING

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Define Pollution
- 2. What is Organic cotton?
- 3. Name a few toxic substances used in dyeing industry
- 4. Write the recommended enzyme for Biopolishing
- 5. What is clean technology?

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 = 20)

- 6. What are the types of pollution?
- 7. Name few heavy metals.
- 8. What is the need for ecofriendly processing?
- 9. What is the need for Eco standards?
- 10. Explain GOTS
- 11. Explain Natural Textiles.
- 12. What are the problems associated with APEO, NPEO and OPEO?
- 13. What is eco management?
- 14. Give the safe alternative for chlorine bleaching.
- 15. Explain Ecofriendly dyeing of sulphur dyes
- 16. Discuss about enzymatic degumming of silk?
- 17. Write a note on formaldehyde free dye fixing agent.
- 18. Write a note on RF drying
- 19. Name a few occupational diseases
- 20. Explain Microwave Assisted Dyeing.

PART C

Answer all the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question $(5 \times 15 = 75)$

21	а	i) Explain Red Listed chemicals	7
		ii) List the banned amines	8
		(OR)	
	b	i) Explain Impact of pollution on environment	7
		ii) Explain Permissible limits of chemicals, pH, color fastness and heavy metals	8
22	а	i)Discuss ISO 14000, ii) Explain Eco auditing	7
		(OR)	
	b	ii)Explain SA 8000, ii) Discuss about Organic Exchange Certification	8
23	а	i) Name 10 toxic substances used in processing and give safe alternatives	7
		ii) How will you estimate pH on a fabric	8
		(OR)	
	b	i) How will you estimate presence of heavy metals on a fabric	7
		ii) Explain procedure to detect presence of residual formaldehyde on the	8
		fabric.	
24	а	i) Explain toxic free pigment printing	7
		ii) Discuss about problems of preservatives	8
		(OR)	
	b	i) Explain peroxide killing using enzyme	7
		ii) Explain Bioscouring of cotton	8
25	а	i) Enumerate clean technology options	7
		ii) Explain scope of nano technology	8
		(OR)	
	b	i) Explain super critical CO ₂ dyeing of polyester	7
		ii) Explain safety measures are to be adopted in wet processing industries	8



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TEXTILE TESTING PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061540

Semester : V

Subject Title : TEXTILE TESTING - PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of Weeks per Semester: 16 Weeks

Subject	Instruction		Examination			
	Hours/		Marks			Duration
	Hours/ Semester Week	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	Duration	
Textile Testing Practical	5	80	25	100*	100	3 Hours

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

- To enhance the practical knowledge of testing textile fibre, yarn and fabric and analyzing the data.
- To handle the various testing instruments for fibre, yarn and fabric.

OBJECTIVES

• To understand the working of various textile testing (fibre, yarn and fabric) instruments.

Fibre Testing

- To have practical knowledge in the textile testing areas.
- Determination of fibre length using Baer Sorter.
- Determination of trash content by Trash Analyser.
- Determination of fibre fineness by Sheffield Micronaire.

Yarn Testing

- Determination of count by cutting and weighing method.
- Determination of single yarn twist by tension type twist tester.
- Determination of ply yarn twist by take up twist tester.
- Determination of single yarn strength.
- Determination of Lea strength and CSP.
- Determination of yarn appearance grade as per ASTM visual examination method.

Fabric Testing

- · Determination of fabric tensile strength by tensile strength tester
- (Warp way & Weft way).
- Determination of fabric tearing strength (Warp way & Weft way).
- Determination of bending modulus by stiffness tester for given sample of
- fabric (Warp way & Weft way).
- Estimation of bursting strength of a given fabric.
- Determination of crease recovery angle in warp way & weft way.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Content: Practical

NAME OF THE TOPICS

- 1. Fibre testing
- 2. Yarn Testing
- 3. Fabric testing

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS AND SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Determination of fibre length using Baer Sorter.
- 2. Determination of fibre fineness by ATIRA Fibre Fineness Tester.
- 3. Determination of count of yarn by cutting and weighing method.
- 4. Determination of single yarn twist by Electronic Twist Tester.
- 5. Determinations of Double Yarn twist by Electronic Twist Tester.
- 6. Determination of single yarn strength.
- 7. Determination of yarn appearance grade as per ASTM visual examination method.
- 8. Determination of fabric tensile strength by tensile strength tester (Warp way & Weft way).
- 9. Determination of fabric tearing strength (Warp way & Weft way).
- 10. Determination of fabric stiffness by stiffness tester (Warp way & Weft way).
- 11. Determination of crease recovery angle in warp way & weft way
- 12. Determination of crimp in warp & weft yarn for the given fabric sample.

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Experiment 30 marks
Write Up 20 marks
Calculation 25 marks
Diagram 20 marks
Viva 05 marks
Total 100 Marks

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

- 1. Baer Sorter
- 2. Fibre fineness tester
- 3. Tension type Twist tester
- 4. Lea strength tester
- 5. Yarn appearance winder
- 6. Fabric tensile strength tester
- 7. Elmendorf tearing strength tester
- 8. Ballistic tester, Fabric thickness tester
- 9. Quadrant balance
- 10. Crease recovery tester
- 11. Stiffness tester
- 12. physical balance



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE PRINTING PRACRTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061550

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE PRINTING PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16

Out is at Title	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Dura
TECHNOLOGY OF TEXTILE	_		Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	tion
PRINTING PRACTICAL	4	64	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Printing is one of the important processes which require high degree of skill and perfection. Practical knowledge on various styles of printing and their application techniques is needed to have a perfect understanding.

GUIDELINES:

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the end semester practical examination.
- ❖ In order to develop best skills in handling Instruments/Equipment and taking readings in the practical classes, every two students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory.
- The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS AND SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Carry out Block or Stencil printing on Jute Fabric
- 2. Carry out Direct style of printing on cotton with hot brand reactive dyes by steaming method.
- 3. Carry out Direct style of printing using pigments on cotton, P/C blends using water base substitute paste.
- 4. Carry out Direct style of printing on polyester using disperses dyes. (Print Dry HTHP steaming method)
- 5. Print the given material with white and colour khadi pastes (Print Dry cure)
- 6. Print the given material with Metallic powder pastes (Silver and gold)
- 7. Do the Tie & dye resist style of Coloration using reactive dyes. (white & multi colour effect)
- 8. Carry out the Batik style of printing (white & colour resist) using cold brand reactive dyes / azoic dyes.
- 9. Carry out White and Vat colour discharge printing on reactive dyed / padded cotton fabric.
- 10. Carry out White and pigment discharge printing on reactive dyed / padded cotton fabric.
- 11. Carry out White and pigment resist printing on reactive ground.
- 12. Carry out Burnt out style of printing on P/V blend (white / pastel dyed)

Note: All experiments include Printing, Fixation &Washing treatment wherever applicable.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Materials required: (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. RFD Cotton fabric
- 2. P/C Blend fabric
- 3. Polyester fabric
- 4. Nylon fabric
- 5. Dyes & Pigments
- 6. Chemicals and auxiliaries
- 7. PVA adhesive solution
- 8. P/V Blend fabric

Equipments required: (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Printing Table -1 with 5 meter length
- 2. Printing screens--10
- 3. Curing Oven-1
- 4. Baby Steamer-1
- 5. Printing Blocks-2
- 6. High speed stirrer -4
- 7. Squeegees -10

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

QUALITY ASSURANCE IN PRINTING AND FINISHING - PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061560

Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : QUALITY ASSURANCE IN PRINTING AND FINISHING -

PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

Ondrie of Title	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks Du		Durati	
QUALITY ASSURANCE			Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	on
IN PRINTING AND FINISHING - PRACTICAL	4 Hrs	64 Hrs	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Testing for various quality and efficiency of finished goods which are prepared by desizing, scouring, mercerizing, bleaching, dyeing, printing and finishing. In quality assurance in textile processing practical, the students will be given practice to handle the instruments and testing procedure to improve their skill in quality assurance.

GUIDELINES:

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the end semester practical examination.
- ❖ In order to develop best skills in handling Instruments/Equipment and taking readings in the practical classes, every two students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. QUALITY TEST FOR PRINTED SUBSTRATE

Estimating the wash, rubbing and fastness

properties of efficiency of detergents, absorbency of desized and scoured fabric, efficiency of enzymes, efficiency of stabilizers and barium activity number.

2. QUALITY TEST FOR DYED SUBSTRATE

Estimating the purity of dyes, rubbing, wash, dry cleaning and perspiration fastness for dyes fabric.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Estimate the dry rubbing fastness of printed material
- 2. Estimate the wet rubbing fastness of printed material
- Estimate the wash fastness of the given printed material (any one test from ISO 1 to 5)
- 4. Estimate the colour fastness to perspiration of the printed material.
- 5. Estimate the flammability of flame retardant finished fabric.
- 6. Estimate warps wise / weft wise shrinkage of the given fabric.
- 7. Estimate nickel content in the given fabric using spot test.
- 8. Estimate formaldehyde content in the given fabric using spot test.
- 9. Estimate the print durability of given printed fabric.
- 10. Estimate the colour fastness to saliva for the given coloured substrate
- 11. Estimate the colour fastness to artificial urine for the given coloured substrate
- 12. Estimate colour fastness to light fastness (daylight/heat lamp) for the given coloured substrate

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Material required: (for a batch of 30 students)

- 1. Desized fabric 1 meter.
- 2. Bleached fabric 2 meter.
- 3. Any one colour from all major dyes 100 gm each.
- 4. Dyed and printed fabric 2 meters each dyed and printed from one colour of all major dyes.
- 5. Stiff finished fabric 1 meter.
- 6. Resin finished fabric 1 meter.
- 7. Flame proof finished fabric 1 meter.

Equipments Required: (for a batch of 30 students)

- 1. Necessary chemicals.
- 2. Laundro meter 1 No
- 3. Crock meter 2 Nos
- 4. Crease recovery tester 2 Nos
- 5. Perspiro meter 2 Nos
- 6. Soxhlet extractor 2 Nos
- 7. Heating Lamp 1 No
- 8. Colour Matching cabinet 1 No

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N - SCHEME

V SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

ENTREPRENEURSHIP & START UPS PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING / TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

N-SCHEME

(Implemented from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061 : DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061570

Semester : V

Subject Title : ENTREPRENERUSHIP AND STARTSUPS PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of Weeks per Semester: 16 Weeks

	Instruction		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/	Marks			
		Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	- Duration
Entrepreneurship and Start ups Practical	4	64	25	100*	100	3 Hours

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

UNIT	Topic	Hours
1	Entrepreneurship – Introduction and Process	12
2	Business Idea and Banking	12
3	Start ups, E-cell and Success Stories	12
4	Entrepreneurial Traits	12
5	Business Plan Preparation	12
	Revision	4
	Total	64

RATIONALE:

Development of a diploma curriculum is a dynamic process responsive to the society and reflecting the needs and aspiration of its learners. Fast changing society deserves changes in educational curriculum particularly to establish relevance to emerging socio-economic environments; to ensure equity of opportunity and participation and finally promoting concern for excellence. In this context the course on entrepreneurship and start ups aims at instilling and stimulating human urge for excellence by realizing individual potential for generating and putting to use the inputs, relevant to social prosperity and thereby ensure good means of living for every individual, provides jobs and develop Indian economy.

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the study of 5th semester the students will be able to

- To excite the students about entrepreneurship
- Acquiring Entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness
- Understanding the concept and process of entrepreneurship
- Acquiring entrepreneurial quality, competency and motivation
- Learning the process and skills of creation and management of entrepreneurial venture
- Familiarization with various uses of human resource for earning dignified means of living
- Know its contribution in and role in the growth and development of individual and the nation
- Understand the formation of E-cell
- Survey and analyze the market to understand customer needs
- Understand the importance of generation of ideas and product selection
- Learn the preparation of project feasibility report
- Understand the importance of sales and turnover
- Familiarization of various financial and non financial schemes
- Aware the concept of incubation and starts ups

DETAILED SYLLABUS CONTENTS

4061570 - ENTREPRENERUSHIP AND STARTSUPS - PRACTICAL

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
	Entrepreneurship – Introduction and Process	
I	 Concept, Functions and Importance Myths about Entrepreneurship Pros and Cons of Entrepreneurship Process of Entrepreneurship Benefits of Entrepreneur Competencies and characteristics Ethical Entrepreneurship Entrepreneurial Values and Attitudes Motivation Creativity Innovation Entrepreneurs - as problem solvers Mindset of an employee and an entrepreneur Business Failure – causes and remedies Role of Networking in entrepreneurship 	12
II	 Types of Business: Manufacturing, Trading and Services. Stakeholders: sellers, vendors and consumers and Competitors E- commerce Business Models Types of Resources - Human, Capital and Entrepreneurial tools and resources Selection and utilization of human resources and professionals, etc. Goals of Business; Goal Setting Patent, copyright and Intellectual property rights Negotiations - Importance and methods Customer Relations and Vendor Management Size and capital based classification of business enterprises Various sources of Information Role of financial institutions 	12

	Role of Government policyEntrepreneurial support systems	
	Incentive schemes for state government Incentive schemes for Central governments	
	Incentive schemes for Central governments	
	Start ups, E-cell and Success Stories	
	 Concept of Incubation centre's Visit and report of DIC, financial institutions and other relevance institutions 	
3	 Success stories of Indian and global business legends Field Visit to MSME's Study visit to Incubation centers and start ups 	
	Learn to earn	12
	Startup and its stages Polo of Tochnology	
	 Role of Technology – E-commerce and Social Media 	
	Role of E-Cell	
	E-Cell to Entrepreneurship	
	Entrepreneurial Traits	
	Identifying and testing business opportunities in Textiles	
	Decomposing complex business problems in	
4	the field of textiles.	
-	Identify your entrepreneurial traits to put up a	40
	dyeing related business	12
	Identify the business opportunities that suits	
	you in Printing	
	Use the support systems to zero down to your business idea in Ecofriendly Textile Processing	
	Business Plan Preparation	
	Feasibility Study Report – Technical analysis,	
5	financial analysis and commercial analysis	
	Business Plan Preparation	12
	Describe the procedure to evaluate your	
	entrepreneurial traits as a career option for the	

- high quality Denim garments to be manufactured.
- Steps in setting up of a Textile chemical business.
- Arrive at a business opportunity on the basis of given data/circumstances with justification.
- Describe the schemes offered by the government for starting continuous woven dyeing plant.
- Suggest a suitable place for setting up Medical textiles on the basis of given data/circumstances with justification.
- Suggest the steps for the selection process of an enterprise for bandage cloth with justification.
- Describe the market study procedure of the Bleached / dyed Linen fabric.
- Market study procedures: questionnaire design, sampling, market survey, data analysis
- Develop comprehensive business plans to market yarn dyed fabric
- Prepare plans to manage modern knits processing plant.
- Bring out one Business Plan as a micro-project

Note: (i) Unit 1, 2 & 3 contents are common for all diploma programs

(ii) Unit 4 & Unit 5 contents are branch specific contents.

REFERNCE BOOKS:

- Dr. G.K. Varshney, Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Sahitya Bhawan Publications, Agra - 282002
- 2. Dr. G.K. Varshney, Business Regulatory Framework, Sahitya Bhawan Publications, Agra 282002
- Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters, Dean A. Shepherd, Entrepreneurship, McGraw Hill (India) Private Limited, Noida - 201301
- M.Scarborough, R.Cornwell, Essentials of Entrepreneurship and small business management, Pearson Education India, Noida - 201301
- Charantimath Poornima M. Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises, Pearson Education, Noida - 201301
- 6. Trott, Innovation Management and New Product Development, Pearson Education, Noida 201301
- 7. M N Arora, A Textbook of Cost and Management Accounting, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi-110044
- 8. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited, New Delhi
- 9. I. V. Trivedi, Renu Jatana, Indian Banking System, RBSA Publishers, Rajasthan
- 10. Simon Daniel, HOW TO START A BUSINESS IN INDIA, BUUKS, Chennai 600018
- 11. Ramani Sarada, The Business Plan Write-Up Simplified A practitioners guide to writing the Business Plan, Notion Press Media Pvt. Ltd., Chennai 600095.

Board Examination – Evaluation Pattern

Internal Mark Allocation

Assignment (Theory portion)* - 10
Seminar Presentation - 10
Attendance - 5
Total - 25

Note: * Two assignments should be submitted. The same must be evaluated and converted to 10 marks.

Guidelines for assignment:

First assignment – Unit I

Second assignment – Unit II

Guidelines for Seminar Presentation- Unit III

Each assignment should have five three marks questions and two five marks questions.

BOARD EXAMINATION

Note

- The students should be taught all units and proper exposure and field visit also arranged. All the portions should be completed before examinations.
- The students should maintain theory assignment and seminar presentation. The assignment and seminar presentation should be submitted during the Board Practical Examinations.
- 3. The question paper consists of theory and practical portions. All students should write the answers for theory questions (40 Marks) and practical portions (60 Marks) should be completed for board examinations.
- 4. All exercises should be given in the question paper and students are allowed to select by lot. If required the dimensions of the exercises may be varied for every batch. No fixed time allotted for each portion and students have liberty to do the examination for 3Hrs.

- For Written Examination: Theory question and answer: 45 Marks
 Ten questions will be asked for 3 marks each. Five questions from each unit 1 & 2. (10 X 3 = 30).
 - Three questions will be asked for 5 marks each. One question from each unit 1, 2 & 3. $(3 \times 5 = 15)$
- 6. For Practical Examination: The business plan/Feasibility report or Report on Unit 4 & 5 should be submitted during the board practical examinations. The same have to be evaluated for the report submission (40 marks).

DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS

SI.	Description	Marks
No		
Part A	Written Examination - Theory Question and answer (10 questions x 3 marks:30 marks) & (3 questions x 5 marks: 15 marks)	45
Part B	Practical Examination – Submission on Business Plan/Feasibility Report or Report on Unit 4 & 5	40
Part C	Viva Voce	15
	Total	100

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4061570 - ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND START UPS PRACTICAL

Time: 1 hour Max. Marks: 45

Part A

I. Answer ten questions in brief

(10x3=30)

- 1. Define entrepreneurship.
- 2. State the process of entrepreneurship
- 3. What are the benefits of being an entrepreneur?
- 4. How do entrepreneurs act as problem solvers?
- 5. Outline the role of networking in entrepreneurship.
- 6. List the various types of business
- 7. Outline the business model.
- 8. Suggest the various goals of business.
- 9. How selection of human resources is carried out?
- 10. Specify the role of government policy on entrepreneurship.

II. Answer three questions in details (3x5=15)

- 11. Describe the importance of innovation on entrepreneurship.
- 12. Enumerate the various incentive schemes for the central government.
- 13. How technology will play a major role in E- commerce?

Part B

Max Marks: 40

Practical Examination - Submission on Business Plan / Feasibility Report or

Report on Unit 4 & 5

(40)

PART C

Max Marks: 15

Viva Voce (15)

VI SEMESTER



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR

N - SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TEXTILE MANAGEMENT

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4060610

Semester : VI

Subject Title : TEXTILE MANAGEMENT

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of Weeks per Semester: 16 Weeks

	Instruction		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week Hours/		Marks			Duration
	week	Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	- Duration
Textile Management	5	80	25	75	100	3 Hours

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

Unit	Topic	Hours
ı	INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT, SITE	14
'	SELECTION, PLANT LAY OUTS	14
II	PRODUCTION AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	15
III	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	15
IV	SUPERVISORY AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT	14
V	EXPORT MANAGEMENT	15
TEST & MODEL EXAM		7
TOTAL		80

RATIONALE:

- To study the fundamental concept in personal management, production management and export marketing management.
- To enhance the knowledge for the supervisory job in textile mills, their authority and responsibility will be taught to the students.
- To improve the knowledge in inventory control in stores and also financial management techniques will be taught to the students.

OBJECTIVES

- To know about the fundamentals of management and the various functions of personnel management.
- To have knowledge about components and systems of wage payment.
- To know about the various labour welfare activities.in a textile mill.
- To know about the layouts and industrial buildings, factors influencing selection of site.
- To know about productivity, labour and machine productivity and the factors affecting them.
- To know about the role of supervisor in a textile unit, causes and precautions and prevention of industrial acc idents and safety devices used in textile mills.
- To know about inventory control and the methods adopted, material handling in textile mills.
- To know about financial management, cost and its components, calculation of Ex mill price and break even analysis.
 - To know about export policy of India, export promoting agencies and their functions, export order processing and export pricing methods.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

4060610- TEXTILE MANAGEMENT

CONTENT: THEORY

Unit	Name of the Topics	Hours	
	INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT, SITE SELECTION, PLANT LAY		
	оитѕ		
	Management – Definition, Functions and Principles. Organization		
	structure of any Textile Unit. Selection of site - Various factors of site		
1	selection for various textile industries. Industrial Buildings – Types.	14	
	Importance of Lighting, Ventilation and Humidification. Plant layout -		
	Process, Product, Combination - their merits and demerits. Suitable		
	Layout for Spinning, Weaving, Processing and Garment industries. Eco		
	Management.		
	PRODUCTION AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT		
	Production, Productivity, Labour Productivity Index (LPI) and Machine		
	Productivity Index (MPI). Production Information System, Application of		
	Work Study, Method Study, Time Study and Work Measurement in a		
	Textile Mill. Material Handling – Importance, Various Equipments used for		
2	Material Handling in a Textile Industry. Production Planning and Control	15	
	(PPC) – Functions, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP). Inventory		
	control - Economic Order Quantity (EOQ), ABC and VED Analysis.		
	Financial Management – Sources of Finance. Cost – Elements,		
	Techniques of Costing, System of Costing - Method of Calculating Ex Mill		
	Price. Break Even Analysis. Depreciation.		
	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT		
	HRM – Importance. Man Power Planning, Job Analysis and Job		
	Evaluation. Recruitment – Sources, Selection Process in Recruitment.		
3	Training – Importance and types of Training Process. Wages – Its	15	
	Components. Method of Wage Payment. Incentives – Types, Merits and		
	Demerits. Labour Welfare Activities – Role of Labour Welfare Officer.		
	Labour grievances - Causes Grievance Redressal procedures.		

	SUPERVISORY AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT	
	Supervisor – Role, Leadership – Role, Difference Between Leader and	
	 Manager. Transformational Leadership. Motivation - Need, Importance	
	and Types of motivation - Maslow's theory, XYZ theory in motivation.	
4	Communication- Principle of effective communication - types of	14
-	communication - barriers of communication. Labour welfare activities with	14
	respect to factories act. Industrial safety- Causes of accidents, preventive	
	measures. Guards and safety devices in textile mill. Types of fire and fire	
	prevention. Application of 5 S and Kaizen principles for effective	
	supervision.	
	EXPORT MANAGEMENT	
	Importance and benefits of international marketing. World Trade	
	Organisaiton (WTO) - functions of WTO. Various export promotion	
	measures by government of India. Functions of TEXPROCIL, AEPC,	
	PEDEXIL, HEPC and Textile committee. Export procedure - Export	
5	incentives. Importance of Shipping bill and bill of lading. Export finance -	15
	pre shipment finance and post shipment finance. Letter of Credit,	10
	Forwarders cargo receipt and Payment via SWIFT. Export pricing-Ex	
	factory, Free On Truck (FOT), Free On Board (FOB), Cost &	
	Freight(C&F), Cost Insurance Freight (CIF) and Franco pricing. Brief Idea	
	about Management Information System (MIS), Just In Time (JIT) and	
	Total Quality Management (TQM).	

REFERNCE BOOKS:

S.NO	TITLE	AUTHOR	PUBLISHERS
Text Bo	oks:	L	
1	Principles of Management	P.C.Tripathi	Tata Mcgrow Publishing Compny Ltd, New Delhi
2	Management of Textiles	Dudega.V.D	Trade Press, Textile Indistry ,Ahemadabad
3	Principles Of Management	P.C.Tripathi	Tata Mcgrow Publishing Compny Ltd, New Delhi
4	Management Of Textiles	Dudega.V.D	Trade Press, Textile Indistry ,Ahemadabad
5	Personnel Management Of Humoun Resoures	Mamoria.C.B	Himalaya Pubishingh House, Mumbai
Referen	ce Books:	L	L
1	Costing In Textile Mills	SITRA	SITRA, Coimbatore
2	Export Management	T A S Balagopal	Himalaya Pubishingh House, Mumbai
3	Industrial Organisation and Engineering Economics	S C Sharma, T R Banga	Khanna PublisherNew Delhi

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART-B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks.A and B have subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weightage.

PART A		5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Definitions and Statements.		
Question Number 1 to 5		
PART B		10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Short answer type questions		
Question Number 6 to 20		
PART C		5 X15 = 75 Marks
Descriptive answer type questions		
(Either A or B)		
Question number 21 to 25		
	TOTAL	100 Marks

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

4060610- TEXTILE MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Define Management
- 2. Define Labour Productive Index.
- 3. What is Job Analysis?
- 4. Define Motivation.
- 5. Expand WTO.

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 = 20)

- 6. What are the functions of management?
- 7. Give the importance of Lighting in a textile industry.
- 8. Write a note on control of air pollution in a textile industry.
- 9. Give the objectives of Method Study.
- 10. Give the functions of PPC.
- 11. Give the elements of cost.
- 12. Define Recruitment.
- 13. Give the components of wages.
- 14. What do you mean by grievances?
- 15. List the importance of Motivation.
- 16. List the types of communication.
- 17. What are safety guards?
- 18. Write a note on export promotion councils.
- 19. What do you mean by Globalization?
- 20. Write a note on TQM.

PART C

	_		the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question (5 x 15 = 75	•
21	Α	(i)	Write in detail about the types of organization structures	8
		(ii)	How will you select site for textile industry? Justify your selection	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Write in detail with sketch, the various types of buildings used in textile	8
			industry and its importance	
		(ii)	Give an account of different types of plant layouts and their merits and	7
			demerits	
22	Α	(i)	Discuss the importance of material handling in textile industry	8
		(ii)	Write in detail about Elements of cost and explain how the Ex-mill price	7
			of cloth is calculated.	
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain in detail about Break Even Analysis with the chart.	8
		(ii)	Write in detail about Production Planning and Control	7
23	Α	(i)	Write in detail about employee selection procedure for an industry	8
		(ii)	Give an account of Training Procedures	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Write about wages and its components, systems of wage payments	8
		(ii)	Explain in detail causes of Grievances and Grievance Redressal procedure	7
24	۸	/i\	Explain in detail the Motivation and various theories of Communication	8
24	Α	(i)	·	7
		(ii)	Give the various safety guards and devices used in textile industry (OR)	′
	В	(i)	Write in detail about industrial accidents, its causes and prevention	8
	Ь	(1)	steps adopted in industry	O
		/ii\	Write a note on 5s and Kaizen principle with advantages	7
25	٨	(ii)	Discuss the functions of various export promotion council's	8
25	А	(i)	·	7
		(ii)	Give the various export procedures to be followed and Export	′
			Documents (OR)	
	В	(i)	Write in detail about Export Price Composition	8
	_	(ii)	Write in detail about (i) TQM (ii) MIS	7
		()	(1) 1110	•



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR

N - SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

GRAMENT MANUFACTURE

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4060620 Semester : V Semester

Subject Title : GARMENT MANUFACTURE

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instructions		Examination			
Subject Title	Центо	Центо	Marks			
	Hours /Week	Hours /Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
GARMENT MANUFACTURE	5	80	25	100*	100	3 Hrs.

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours:

S. No	Topics	Hours	
I	MEASUREMENTS, PATTERNS AND TOOLS FOR GARMENT CONSTRUCTION	15	
II	DRAFTING AND PATTERN LAYOUT	15	
III	CUTTING AND GARMENT CONSTRUCTION	15	
IV	PACKING AND QUALITY REQUIREMENTS	14	
V	FASHION DESIGNING	14	
TEST & REVISION			
	TOTAL	80	

RATIONALE:

Apparel merchandising is the common word prevailing in the Garment Industry. Every export unit is having merchandising wing. The officials in this wing are responsible for the execution of orders right from receiving orders to dispatching of goods. This subject gives an in-depth knowledge on various type of merchandising, the planning, the nature of work of a merchandiser along with the marketing techniques and sale promotion activities.

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the study of V Semester the student will be able to

- Understand the merchandising procedures.
- Learn the functions of merchandiser.
- Understand the retail merchandising procedures.
- Learn the prizing procedures.
- Understand the visual merchandising procedures.
- · Learn the trends in visual merchandising.
- Understand the merchandising plan.
- Learn to prepare merchandising calendar and activities.
- Learn the marketing techniques.
- Understand the advertising techniques.
- Learn the sales promotion techniques.

DETAILED SYLLABUS 4060620- GARMENT MANUFACTURE

Contents: Theory

Unit	Name of the Topic	Hours
	MEASUREMENTS, PATTERNS AND TOOLS FOR GARMENT	
	CONSTRUCTION	
	Flow chart for garment manufacturing process in garment industry. Eight head	
I	theory of human anatomy and its uses. Measurements – importance,	
	Measurements to be taken for children's, Ladies, and Gent's. Paper patterns -	15
	importance – Types - Commercial patterns and personal patterns - Principles	
	of pattern drafting -Purpose of Pattern grading. Tools required for garment	
	making – Measuring tools, Cutting tools - Pattern making tools - Pressing tools.	
	DRAFTING AND PATTERN LAYOUT	
	Pattern making of 'A' line frock - Ladies skirt - Gent's half sleeve shirt - Ladies	
	nightwear. Fabrics used in garment manufacture – Plain, Striped, Plaid,	
II	Printed and one way. Rules for pattern layout – types of Layout (length wise	
	Cross wise, partial length wise, partial cross wise, combined fold and open	15
	layout). Special layouts for asymmetrical, striped, checked and one-way	
	designs – Types of Lay. Lay length and Marker planning.	
	CUTTING AND GARMENT CONSTRUCTION	
	Objects of spreading & cutting - Importance of cutting - Brief study on types of	
	cutting machines - Straight knife - Band knife - Round knife -LASER cutting.	15
III	Sewing Machine Parts and its function. Stitches – Properties and Application of	
	Lock stitch, Chain stitch, 3 thread over lock, 5 thread flat lock. Brief study of	
	different types of Seams - Plain, bound flat & Slot seam. Construction of 'A'	
	line frock, Ladies skirt, Gent's half sleeve shirt and Ladies nightwear.	
	PACKING AND QUALITY REQUIREMENTS	
	Types of pressing and its objects. Packing materials, Different methods of	
	Packing – Ratio pack, Assortment pack, Colour wise pack, Size wise pack.	
	Methods of fabric inspection - Study of 4 point and 10-point system. Types of	
IV	Inspection - Raw Material Inspection - Brief study of in-process inspection	14
	and Final inspection. Brief study of Garment defects. Accepted Quality Level	
	(AQL). ISO certification for the Garment Industry. Objects of Organic cotton	
	certification and GOTS, WRAP,SA8000	

	FASHION DESIGNING	
	Elements of Design – Line, Shape, Texture, colour and value. Principles	
	of design - Balance, Proportion, Emphasis, Rhythms and Harmony.	
	Pigment theory of colours - Primary, Secondary and Tertiary colours.	
V	Color dimension (Hue, Intensity, value, tint, shade and tone) - Warm and	14
	Cool Colors. Design - Different types of structural designs and	
	decorative designs on dress. Basic concepts of Fashion show – Fashion	
	Forecasting. Buying office and its importance.	

TEXT BOOKS

S.NO	Author	Title	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Carr and Lathem	The Technology of Clothing Manufacture	Blackwell Publication Oxford UK	2 nd Indian Reprint	2004
2	Gerry Cooklin	Introduction to Clothing Manufacture	Blackwell Publication Oxford UK	2 nd Indian Reprint	2005
3	Pradip V.Metha& Satish.K. Bharadwaj	Managing Quality in the Apparel Industry	New Age International Publishing, New Delhi	1st Edition Reprint	2006

REFERENCE BOOKS

S.NO	Author	Title	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Anna Jacob Thomas	The Art of Sewing	UBS Publishers, New Delhi	6 th Reprint	2001
2	Mary Mathews	Practical clothing constructions Part I & II	PaprinpackPrinters, Chennai	1 st Edition	1985
3	ErwineMabel.D	Clothing for Moderns	Macmillan Pub. Co., New York.	1 ^s t Edition	1979
4	Virgin Stolpe Lewis	Comparative clothing construction Techniques	Surjeet Publications, Delhi	1 st Edition	1984

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART – A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questionsfrom each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have

Subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weight age.

5 X 1 = 5 Marks
10 X 2 = 20 Marks
5 X15 = 75 Marks
5 × 15 = 75 Warks
100 Marks *

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4060620 – GARMENT MANUFACTURE

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART - A

Answer all the questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Define pattern.
- 2. Define one way design fabrics.
- 3. State the use of band knife cutting machine.
- 4. State the objects of packing?
- 5. Define Design?

PART - B

Answer all the questions

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 6. Write the steps in garment manufacturing process.
- 7. State the importance of Measurement
- 8. What do you mean by Personal pattern?
- 9. List the basic measurement needed to develop the gent's shirting?
- 10. What do you mean by asymmetrical design
- 11. What do you mean by marker planning?
- 12. Write the importance of cutting?
- 13. What are the properties of 3 threads over lock stitch?
- 14. What do you mean by slot seams?
- 15. What do you mean by Ratio pack and assorted packs?
- 16. What do you mean by AQL?
- 17. What are the objects of Organic cotton?
- 18. What do you mean by color dimension?
- 19. What do you mean by fashion forecasting?
- 20. What is the role of buying office in garment industry?

PART - C

Answer all the questions choosing either sub-division (A) or sub-division (A) of each question. (5 x 15 = 75)

21.	(A)	I.	Write the importance of Eight head theory with a neat sketch.	(7)
		II.	Explain the methods of taking body measurements for ladies	(8)
			garments.	
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Write the Principles of Pattern Drafting with a neat sketch.	(7)
		II.	Explain the different types of tools required for garment making.	(8)
22.	(A)	l.	Explain the different types of fabric used in garment industry?	(7)
		II.	Explain the pattern drafting procedure for ladies night wear with a	(8)
			neat sketch of 1/4 scale.	
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Explain the Rules for pattern layout with a neat sketch.	(7)
		II.	Explain the different types of layout in garment industry.	(8)
23.	(A)	l.	Explain the Laser cutting machine with a neat sketch.	(7)
		II.	Explain the function of sewing machine with a neat sketch.	(8)
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Explain the different types of seams.	(7)
		II.	Explain the construction procedure for gent's half sleeve shirt.	(8)
24.	(A)	l.	Explain the different method of packing in garment industry.	(7)
		II.	Explain the Various inspection methods used in garment industry.	(8)
			(OR)	
	(B)	I.	Explain the methods of Acquiring ISO Certificate in garments industry.	(7)
		II.	Explain about GOTS, WRAP and SA8000.	(8)



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N - SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

TEXTILE EFFLUENT TREATMENT

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061631

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : TEXTILE EFFLUENT TREATMENT

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instr	uctions	Examination			
Subject Title	Hours/	Hours /	Marks			
	week	Semester			Duration	
TEXTILE			Internal	Board	Total	
EFFLUENT	5	80	Assessment	Examination	Iotai	
TREATMENT			25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours:

SL.NO	TOPIC	
1	INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENT & POLLUTION IMPACT	15
2	WATER TREATMENT- I	15
3	WATER TREATMENT - II	14
4	EFFLUENT TREATMENT	15
5	POLLUTION CONTROL	14
TEST & REVISION		
TOTAL		

RATIONALE:

Textile processing involves the usage of lot of harmful chemicals. Effluents discharged from the processing industry would cause severe damage to the ecosystem. Methods to treat this effluent to a safe level and zero discharge technology are essential for a textile processing technician.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand component of environment, ecosystems, bio diversity, food chain relations.
- Textile industry contributes to major water, air, soil and noise pollution.
- To learn about environmental impact, awareness on harmful effects of effluent, sources and specific characteristics of various textile related industrial effluent.
- To impart knowledge on water characteristics, drinking water parameters and discharge standards.
- To learn the need for softening and various practical methods available.
- To realize the effects of various constituents of water in processing and boiler feed water

DETAILED SYLLABUS 4061631- TEXTILE EFFLUENT TREATMENT CONTENTS

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours
I	INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENT AND POLLUTION IMPACT: Environment - Definition, Impact of man on environment, effects of urbanization - Environmental pollution - definition - classification of pollution- brief definitions on Air, Water, Land, Noise, Nuclear pollution - Sources & harmful effects of water pollution - A detailed study of effluents discharged by fibre manufacturing industries, Textile processing industries, - Origin, characteristics and various mode of treatments	15 Hrs
II	WATER TREATMENT – I Constituents of water and their effects in textile processing - Boiler feed water problems, causes, effects and remedies- Boiler feed water parameters – water softening – need, detailed study of various softening methods – Cat ion exchange softening, softening by sequestering agents and Demineralization with schematic diagram for removal of carbon di oxide and silica.	15 Hrs
III	WATER TREATMENT – II Uses of water, sources of water, treatment process for industrial and drinking water with line diagrams – Removal of colour and turbidity (coagulation, flocculation, settling and filtration methods) sterilization, Determination of dissolved oxygen by iodimetry, Determination of BOD, COD, TDS	14 Hrs

		•
IV	Various stages of Effluent Treatment – objectives and definition. Detailed study on Primary Treatment – Screening, equalization, neutralization, coagulation and flocculation, settling by clarification, sludge handling (solar beds, filter press). Secondary treatments – Activated sludge process, Anaerobic digestion, and Activated carbon filter -Tertiary Treatment - Micro filtration, Ultra filtration, Nano filtration, Reverse osmosis, Combined Anaerobic, Aerobic Biological Treatment – concept of Zero Liquid Discharge .A detailed study about common effluent treatment plant.	15 Hrs
V	POLLUTION CONTROL Role of Central Pollution Control Board - Air pollution – sources and effects of air pollutants on human health, A study on Global warming, , Ozone layer depletion, - means for combating air pollution effects, Air pollution control methods, names only-ambient air quality standards. Noise pollution – sources, ill effects- Auditory and Non auditory, Noise pollution control measures and standard noise levels in decibels.	14 Hrs

TEXT BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of
			Publication
Badma Varker	Textile Effluent	NCUTE Publications , New Delhi	2002
Dr.R.J.Ranjith Daniels	Environmental Studies	Wiley Precise Textbook	2009
S.S. Dara & S.Chand	Environmental Chemistry and Pollution Control	S Chand & Company Ltd.	1993

REFERENCE BOOKS

Author	Title	Publisher	Year of
			Publication
R.Venugopal Rao	Principle of		
	Environmental	DUI Loorning Dut Ltd	2009
	Science and	PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.	2009
	Engineering		
Gerard Kiley	Environmental	The Mcgraw Hill	2007
Geraid Kiley	Engineering	Company	2007
V.A.Shenai	Toxicity of dyes and	Sevak Publications,	1987
v.A.Shenal	Pigments	Mumbai	1307

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Subjects – Apparel Merchandising

Note: Clarkes Table and Programmable Calculators are not permitted.

Relevant data should be provided in the question paper for solving the problems if anyrequired.

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

- PART A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.
- PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questionsfrom each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

 Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have

 Subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weight age.

PART A	
Definitions and Statements.	5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5	
PART B	
Short answer type questions	10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20	
PART C	
Descriptive answer type questions	5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)	5 × 15 = 75 Warks
Question number 21 to 25	
TOTAL	100 Marks *

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4061631- TEXTILE EFFLUENT TREATMENT

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer all the Questions

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- 1. Define environment.
- 2. State the use of water.
- 3. Abbreviate-BOD
- 4. What are the objectives of secondary treatment?
- 5. Mention the sources of air pollution.

PART B

Answer any 10 Questions

(10x 2 =

20)

- 6. State the harmful effects of inorganic pollution
- 7. Write the classification of pollution.
- 8. What is nuclear pollution
- 9. What are the constitute of water
- 10. State the remedies of boiler feed water
- 11. What is the need for water softening?
- 12. What do you mean by filtration?
- 13. What do you mean by COD?
- 14. What is turbidity?
- 15. What is screening?
- 16. write the various steps involved in Secondary treatment
- 17. State the concept of ZLD
- 18. What is anaerobic & Aerobic?
- 19. State the Role of CPCB
- 20. Mention the effects of noise pollution.

PART C

Answer all the Question, Choosing either A or B from each question

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			$(5 \times 15 = 75)$	
21	Α	(i)	Classify Pollution	8
		(ii)	Write the various mode of effluent treatment	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain the sources of water and the harmful effects of water pollution	8
		(ii)	Give a detailed note on the characteristics of Textile Effluent	7
22	Α	(i)	Explain about the constituents of water	8
		(ii)	Explain the problem associated with boiler feed water	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain the demineralization process	8
		(ii)	Explain any one water softening method	7
23	Α	(i)	Write the sources of water	8
		(ii)	Explain the treatment process of industrial water	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Write notes on filtration process	8
		(ii)	How do you determine the dissolved oxygen content by iodimetry	7
			method	
24	Α	(i)	Explain the primary treatment process of textile effluent	8
		(ii)	Explain the secondary treatment process of textile effluent	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain the concept of tertiary treatment process of textile effluent	8
		(ii)	Explain the concept of common effluent treatment plant	7
25	Α	(i)	Write the ambient air quality standards	8
		(ii)	Write the ill effects of noise pollution	7
			(OR)	
	В	(i)	Explain the role of CPCB	8

(ii) What are the effects of Air Pollution on human health

7



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR N - SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

ADVANCES IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(Implemented from the student admitted from the year 2020 - 2021onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061632

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : ADVANCES IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16

Subject Title	Instructions		Examination			
	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Dura
ADVANCES IN TEXTILE	_		Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	tion
PROCESSING	5	80	25	100	100	3
						Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Topics and Allocation of Hours

UNIT	TOPIC	TIME
ONIT	10110	(HRS.)
1	ADVANCES IN PREPARATORY PROCESS	13
2	ADVANCES IN DYEING AND PRINTIING	13
3	ADVANCES IN FINISHING	14
4	APPLICATION OF NANO TECHNOLOGY IN FINISHING	14
5	APPLICATION OF PLASMA TECHNOLOGY IN TEXTILES	14
	07	
	80	

RATIONALE:

Advances in textile processing covers advances in preparatory process, advances in dyeing and printing, advances in finishing, application of nano technology in finishing and application of plasma technology in textiles will give the knowledge in latest machines and the process of the textile processing industries. This will give enough knowledge for the students to work in the industries.

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire knowledge in knit processing sequence
- To acquire knowledge in advances in preparatory processing
- To impart knowledge in advances in dyeing and printing
- To know about various special effects produced on garments by advances in finishing
- To educate in the field of continuous processing
- To have an idea about various continuous processes being practiced
- ❖ To impart knowledge about the new technology i.e. Nanotechnology
- To know about the application of nanotechnology in textile finishing
- To have knowledge about types of plasma and their characteristics
- To study about the application of plasma in textiles.

DETAILED SYLLABUS 4061632-ADVANCES IN TEXTILE PROCESSING CONTENTS

UNIT	NAME OF TOPICS	Hours				
1	ADVANCES IN PREPARATORY PROCESS					
	Sequence of knit processing operations - Stitching, reversing,					
	singeing, scouring, mercerizing, bleaching, dyeing and finishing -					
	knit tube reversing machine - Slit opening machine - Single stage					
	preparatory process - Ultrasonic waves assisted textile processing					
	- Desizing, Scouring, Bleaching and Mercerising. Peracetic acid					
	(PAA) bleaching - Biotechnological catalytic bleaching -					
	Continuous combined scouring and bleaching.					
	ADVANCES IN DYEING AND PRINTIING					
2	Continuous dyeing of cotton with Vat dyes - Continuous dyeing of					
	warp yarn using indigo dyes and Sulphur black. Microwave dyeing,					
	Electrochemical dyeing – Direct and Indirect Electrochemical dyeing. Supercritical dyeing using Carbon dioxide - Ultrasonic					
					wave dyeing - Salt Free Dyeing of Cotton Fabric Using Reactive	
	Dye – Digital printing					
	ADVANCES IN FINISHING					
	Processing of lycra blends - Stone washing, sandblasting, acid					
3	wash, embossing and dry finishing. Continuous preparation for P/C					
	olends. Continuous dyeing for P/C blends using disperse and					
	reactive dyes. Continuous weight reduction of PET. E control					
	processes.					
4	APPLICATION OF NANO TECHNOLOGY IN FINISHING					
	Nano - Definition - Comparison between nano tech finishing with					
	conventional finishing. Functional finishes - UV protection, flame					
	retardency, antibacterial, antistatic, water, oil and stain repellency,					
	soil resistance, wrinkle resistance. Commercially successful					
	finishes.					
		1				

	APPLICATION OF PLASMA TECHNOLOGY IN TEXTILES	
	Plasma – Definition. Surface modification of fibres - cotton, wool	
5	and polyester. Plasma polymerization on textile substrates.	14
3	Application of plasma in textiles - Fabric preparation and finishing.	14
	Effects of plasma on textile substrates - surface energy, wetting	
	and wicking properties. Limitations of plasma treatments.	

TEXT BOOKS:

S. No	Title	Author	Publisher	Year of Publishing
1	Denim washes	Dr.J.V. Rao	NITRA	
2	Denim - a fabric for all	Dr. M.S. Parmer, Dr.Jai Prakash, S.S.Satsangi	NITRA	

REFERENCE:

S. No	Title	Author	Publisher	Year of Publishing
1	Nano fibres and nano technology in textiles	Brown & Stevens	Wood head Publishing limited, U.K	2007
2	Plasma technology for textiles	Shishoo	Wood head Publishing limited, U.K	2007

Board Examination-Question Paper Pattern

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

PART – A Five questions will be asked covering all units. All questions are to be answered. Each question carries 1 mark.

PART- B Fifteen questions will be asked covering all the units. Three questions from each unit. Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

PART-C Five questions will be asked Either or type. One question from every unit.

Answer either A or B. Each question carries 15 marks. A and B have

Subdivisions. (7 + 8)

The questions are to be numbered from 1 to 25. All the units are to be covered with equal weight age.

PART A	
FANTA	
Definitions and Statements.	5 X 1 = 5 Marks
Question Number 1 to 5	
PART B	
Short answer type questions	10 X 2 = 20 Marks
Question Number 6 to 20	
PART C	
Descriptive answer type questions	5 X15 = 75 Marks
(Either A or B)	5 × 15 = 75 Marks
Question number 21 to 25	
TOTAL	100 Marks *

Note: Board Examinations will be conducted for 100 Marks and converted to 75 Marks.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4061632-ADVANCES IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks:100

Part – A $(05 \times 01 = 05)$

Answer all the questions.

- 1. What is meant by fabric reversing?
- 2. What do you mean by Microwave dyeing
- 3. What do you mean by sand blasting
- 4. Define: Nano technology
- 5. Define: Plasma technology

Part – B $(10 \times 02 = 20)$

Answer any 10 questions.

- 6. What do you mean by Single stage preparatory process
- 7. What do you mean by Ultrasonic waves assisted textile processing
- 8. What do you mean by Peracetic acid (PAA) bleaching
- 9. What do you mean by Microwave dyeing
- 10. Define: Ultrasonic wave dyeing
- 11. Define: Digital printing
- 12. Briefly explain Processing of lycra blends
- 13. Define: dry finishing
- 14. Define: E control process.
- 15. What do you mean by UV protection finish
- 16. What do you mean by antistatic finish
- 17. What do you mean by soil resistance finish
- 18. Mention the level of plasma treatment
- 19. What is plasma polymeriztion?
- 20. Write the limitations of plasma treatment.

Answer either A or B.

 $(05 \times 15 = 75)$

21. A. i. Explain with a neat sketch the working of Slit opening machine.	8
ii. Explain continuous combined bleaching	7
(or)	
B. i. Explain in detail the Ultrasonic waves assisted textile processing?	8
ii. Explain biotechnological catalytic bleaching	7
22.A. i. Explain the process of continuous dyeing of warp yarn using indigo d	lyes
	8
ii. Explain electrochemical dyeing	7
(or)	
A. i. Explain the process of Salt Free Dyeing of Cotton Fabric Using Read	ctive
Dyes?	8
ii. Explain super critical co₂ dyeing	7
23.A. i. Explain the process of Continuous preparation for P/C blends?	8
ii. Explain E-control Processes	7
(or)	
B. i. Explain the process of Continuous weight reduction of PET?	8
ii. Explain processing of lycra blend	7
24. A. i. Explain in detail between nano tech finishing with conventional finishing	ing?
	8
ii. Explain UV protection finishes	7
(or)	
B. i. Explain the commercially successful finishes?	8
ii. Explain stain repellency finish	7
25.A. i. Explain in details the surface modification of fibres for cotton and	
Polyester.	8
ii. Explain the limitations of plasma treatment	7
(or)	
B. i. Explain the application of plasma technology in finishing of textiles?	8
ii what are the effects of plasma on textile substrate	7



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N - SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

GARMENT MANUFACTURE PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4060640

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : GARMENT MANUFACTURE PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Inst	ructions	Examination			
Subject Title	Hours /Week	Hours /Semester		Marks		Duration
GARMENT MANUFACTURE	5	80	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	Duration
PRACTICAL			25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Rationale:

The diploma students should necessarily have basic practical skills and knowledge to get their work done in their carreer in the industry and trade, where they are going to get absorbed either as technicians or administrators or entrepreneurs. This is achieved by introducing practical experiments with hands on experience in the specified subjects.

GUIDELINES:

- All the experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the Board Practical Examination.
- To develop best skills in handling Instruments / Equipments and taking readings in the practical classes, every batch of students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory.

 The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than four students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Practical Examinations.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To learn 8 head theory of human anatomy
- 2. To learn the fundamentals of pattern drafting.
- 3. To understand the concepts of garment making.

List of Experiment and Specific Questions for Practical Class Work Drawing

1. Draw male & female anatomy based on 8 head theory.

Preparing samples

- 2. Prepare hand embroidery samples with running and double running
- 3. Prepare hand embroidery samples with, back & steam stitches.
- 4. Prepare stem and satin stitches.

Pattern Drafting

- 5. Prepare paper pattern for style 'A' line frock.
- 6. Prepare paper pattern for style Plain skirt for Girls
- 7. Prepare paper pattern for Ladies nightwear.
- 8. Prepare paper pattern for Men's slack shirt with full sleeve.

Construction

- 9. Using the given paper pattern, cut stitch and finish a style A line frock.
- 10. Using the given paper pattern, cut stitch and finish a style- Plain skirt for Girls
- 11. Using the given paper pattern, cut stitch and finish a style- Ladies nightwear.
- 12. Using the given paper pattern, cut stitch and finish a style- Men's slack shirt with full sleeve.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN & ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Single experiment is to be given per student

Experiment 50 marks
Write up / diagram 20 marks
Viva - Voce 05 marks

Total 75 Marks

EQUIPMENT LIST FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No.	Name of Equipments					
1	Lock Stitch Pedal Sewing Machine – 10 Nos.					
2	3-Thread Over lock – 1 No.					
3	Steam Iron Box – 1 No.					
4	Drafting & Cutting Table – 1 No.					



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH III YEAR

N - SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

SHADE MATCHING IN DYEING AND PRINTING PRACTICAL

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N - SCHEME

(To be implemented from the student admitted from the year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Subject Code : 4061650

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : SHADE MATCHING IN DYEING AND PRINTING PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Instr	uctions		Examinatio	n	
Subject Title	Hours /	Hours		Marks		
	Week	/Semester		IVIAI NS		Duration
SHADE			Internal	Board	Total	Duration
MATCHING			Assessment	Examination	Total	
IN DYEING AND PRINTING - PRACTICAL	6	96	25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

RATIONALE:

Shade matching in dyeing and printing is one of the skillful technique and essential to master in this profession. A laboratory level matching practice would be helpful in building the essential skills to become a perfect technician.

GUIDELINES

- ❖ All the twelve experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the board practical examination.
- ❖ In order to gain in depth practical knowledge, every student should individually carry out the experiments in the laboratory.
- ❖ The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than three students while examining a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Write up / Recipe : 20 marks

Experiment/Calculation/Result : 70 marks

Viva voce : 10 marks

Total : 100 Marks

COMPLETE LIST OF EXPERIMENTS IN DETAILS

1. PREPARATION OF SELF SHADES

To prepare self shades using cold, vinyl sulphone, bi-functional reactive dyes and Vat dyes (light, medium and dark shades)

2. PREPARATION OF COMPOUND SHADES USING TWO DIFFERENT COLOURS

To prepare compound shades using two different Reactive cold brand, Reactive vinyl sulphone colours, Reactive bi-functional and Vat colours in different proportions.

3. PREPARATION OF COMPOUND SHADES USING THREE DIFFERENT COLOURS

To prepare compound shades using three different Reactive bi-functional and Reactive vinyl sulphone dyes in 60/20/20, 40/40/20 and 30/30/40 proportions.

4. MATCHING OF COMPOUND SHADES

To match the compound shades using two different Reactive cold brands, Reactive bi-functional and vinyl sulphone dyes for the given sample.

5. PREPARATION OF PRINTING SHADE CARDS

To prepare the printing shade cards two different Reactive colours and two pigment colours in different combinations.

6. PRINTED SHADE MATCHING

To match the given printed sample using two Reactive colours and two pigment colours

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CLASS WORK

- 1. Preparations of self shade using cold and vinyl sulphone Reactive Dyes (Light, Medium and Dark Shades).
- 2. Preparations of self shade using bi-functional Reactive Dyes (Light, Medium and Dark Shades).
- 3. Preparations of self shade using Vat Dyes (Light, Medium and Dark Shades).
- 4. Preparations of compound shades (using 2 different vinyl sulphone reactive colours in different proportions).
- 5. Preparations of compound shades (using 2 different bi-functional reactive colours in different combinations).
- 6. Preparation of compound shades using 3 different bi-functional colours in 60/20/20, 40/40/20 & 30/30/40 proportions.
- 7. Preparation of compound shades using 3 different Vat colours in 60/20/20, 40/40/20 & 30/30/40 proportions.
- 8. Matching of compound shades using vinyl sulphone Reactive Dyes for the given sample.
- 9. Matching of compound shades bi-functional Reactive Dyes for the given sample.
- 10. Preparation of printing shade Card (using 2 Reactive dyes in different combinations).
- 11. Printed shade matching using 2 Reactive dyes.
- 12. Prepare printing shade Card and do shade matching using 2 pigment colours in different combinations.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS AND THE QUANTITY REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

List of Equipments:

- 1. Dye baths with 6 pots 15 Nos.
- 2. Hot plate 2 Nos.
- 3. Printing Table -1 with 5 meter length
- 4. Printing screens--10
- 5. Curing Oven-1
- 6. Baby Steamer-1

- 7. Printing Blocks-2
- 8. High speed stirrer -4
- 9. Squeegees -10

Materials and the quantity required (for a batch of 30 students):

- 1. Bleached cotton hank 1 Kg
- 2. Bleached cotton Fabric 5 meters
- 3. Any one colour from all major dye classes 100 gms each.

SAFETY PRECATIONS TO BE FOLLOWED

- 1. Wearing the gloves in hand while taking and mixing the dyes stuffs and chemicals
- 2. Should wear safe foot wear, preferably shoes.
- 3. Should keep their shirts tucked in.
- 4. Should inform the staff in charge immediately if they find any unsafe condition in the machine.
- 5. Should not wear loose shirts.
- 6. Should not open the doors and covers while the machine is running.
- 7. Should not start running a machines without doing regular safety checks and closing the safety doors.
- 8. Exhaust fans should be provided in the laboratory, so that unwanted smell and toxic air can be forced out



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

III YEAR

N-SCHEME

VI SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

PROJECT WORK & INTERNSHIP

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

Course Code : 1061

Subject Code : 4061660

Semester : VI Semester

Subject Title : PROJECT WORK & INTERNSHIP

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No. of Weeks per Semester: 16 Weeks

	Insti	ruction		Examination			
Subject	Hours/ Week	Hours/		Marks		Duration	
	Week	Semester	Internal Assessment	Board Examinations	Total	Duration 3 Hours	
Project Work & Internship	6	96	25	100*	100	3 Hours	

^{*}Examination will be conducted for 100 marks and will be converted to 75 marks. Minimum Marks for Pass is 50 out of which minimum 50 marks should be obtained out of 100 marks in the Board Examination alone.

OBJECTIVES:

- Implement the theoretical and practical knowledge gained through the curriculum into an application suitable for a real practical working environment preferably in an industrial environment
- 2. Get exposure on industrial environment and its work ethics through internship
- 3. Learn and understand the gap between the technological knowledge acquired through curriculum and the actual industrial need and to compensate it by acquiring additional knowledge as required.
- 4. Carry out cooperative learning through synchronous guided discussions within the class in key dates, asynchronous document sharing and discussions, as well as to prepare collaborative edition of the final project report.

PROJECT WORK:

Students have to select any one topic of their own interest under the guidance of the department faculty in their area of specialization, emphasizing the principles studied in the theory and practical subjects. The selected topics must be related to any streams of Textile manufacturing process like Spinning/Weaving/Textile wet processing/Knitting/Garment making/ Problems related to quality control waste control, process control, productivity control, machinery maintenance and sustainable development in Textile Industries. After completing the work, they have to submit their findings in the form of a report through the guide and Head of the Department. A viva-voce is conducted on the report submitted by the student. The number of students in a batch for a project work shall not exceed six.

INTERNSHIP:

The internship training for a period of two weeks shall be undergone by every candidate at the end of IV / V semester during vacation. The certificate shall be produced along with the internship report for evaluation. The evaluation of internship training shall be done along with final year "Project Work & Internship" for 20 marks. The internship shall be undertaken in any industry / Government or Private certified agencies which are in social sector / Govt. Skill Centres / Institutions / Schemes.

A neatly prepared PROJECT REPORT as per the format has to be submitted by individual student during the Project Work & Internship Board examination.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

The internal assessment should be calculated based on the review of the progress of the work done by the student periodically as follows.

Detail of assessment	Period of assessment	Max. Marks
First Review	6 th week	10
Second Review	12 th week	10
Attendance	Entire semester	5
Total		25

EVALUATION FOR BOARD EXAMINATION:

Details of Mark allocation	Max Marks
Demonstration/Presentation	25
Report	25
Viva Voce	30
Internship report	20
Total	100

VII SEMESTER



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING SANDWICH

N - SCHEME

VII SEMESTER

2020 - 2021 onwards

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING & VIVA VOCE

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

N -SCHEME

(Implement from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards)

Course Name : 1061: DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE PROCESSING

(SANDWICH)

Subject Code : 4061712

Semester : VII Semester

Subject Title : INDUSTRIAL TRAINING & VIVA VOCE

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

No of weeks per semester: 16 weeks

	Industr	ial Training		Examination		
Subject Title	Days /	Weeks /	Marks			
	Week	Semester				Duratio
INDUSTRIAL			Internal	Board	Total	n
TRAINING &	5	16	Assessment	Examination	Total	
VIVA VOCE			25	100*	100	3 Hrs

^{*} Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and will be reduced to 75 marks.

Each student has to undergo industrial Training in Textile Industries for a period of 16 weeks during VII Semester.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS:

TIME: 3 HRS.	MAX.MARKS: 100
Industrial Review I (6th week)	10
Industrial Review II (12th week)	10
Attendance	05
Total	25
Board Examination	
Report preparation	60
Viva Voce	40
Total	100